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-	12/20/2016	Issued for Review	PE	CNC	EVR
Rev	Date	Description	Originator	Checked By	Appvd By

TITLE:

NSMV Phase 3 Design

Report on Model Testing, Design Propeller

DOCUMENT NO.		
2015-017-03-05B		
File Path & Name:	Total Sheets:	109

Report No.: RE30157634-04-00-A

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NATIONAL SECURITY MULTI-MISSION VESSEL — TOWING TANK TESTS WITH DESIGN PROPELLER









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REPORT

Date:

15 December 2016

SSPA Report No.:

RE30157634-04-00-A

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Contract number: CO106438-01-00-A

National Security Multi-Mission Vessel – towing tank tests with design propeller

On behalf of Herbert Engineering towing tank tests for a National Security Multi-Mission Vessel were performed at SSPA. This report documents test conditions, procedures and results covering

- propeller open water tests for the design propeller and
- self-propulsion tests at 4 draughts.

The tests were performed in calm water with ship model M5030-01-A with a scale factor of α = 24.375 and propeller model P5033-01-A.

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Ship Design

Summary

On behalf of Herbert Engineering Corp. towing tank tests were performed for a National Security Multi-Mission Vessel.

Self-propulsion tests were carried out with ship model M5030-01-A with a scale factor of α = 24.375 . The hull lines were submitted by Herbert Engineering Corp. and further optimized using CFD by SSPA as is described in report RE30157634-01-00-A and also used for the stock propeller tests, wake measurement and streamline tests in RE30157634-01-00-A.

Design propeller P5033-01-A, designed by SSPA, was used for the propeller open water test, the self-propulsion tests as well as the streamline paint test.

The model tests were performed at four draughts and evaluated by means of the ITTC 1978 prediction method.

At a power delivered on trial, P_{DT} , of 7748kW (based on engine power 9 000kW with 15% sea margin and 1% in shaft line losses) the predicted ship speed is:

Table 1 Predicted speed at trial condition ($P_{DT} = 9000/1.15*0.99kW=7748kW$)

Loading Condition	Ship speed V _S [kn]
Full Load	18.23
Design	18.82
Trim Aft	19.12
Light	19.05

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1 Models

1.1 Designs used for manufacturing

The following files were used to manufacture the models for the towing tank tests.

Table 2 Geometry files used for manufacturing

Item	Designer	File name	SSPA no	Delivery date
Hull M5030-01-A	Herbert Engineering Corp.	F21A14.igs	EX106613-01-00	2016-09-21
Rudder R5068-01-A	Becker Marine Systems	20218 Blade and Skegigs	EX106636-01-00	2016-10-03

1.2 Hull model

Hull model M5030-01-A was manufactured by SSPA according to customer's information reported in Table 2. It was built in the plastic foam material Divinycell with a geometric scale factor of α = 24.375 .

The model was marked with 21 equally spaced stations numbered 0 to 20 between the aft perpendicular (AP) and the forward perpendicular (FP). A continuous waterline was drawn along the entire length of the hull at the Design draught of 6.5 m and Full Load draught of 7.5m. Dashed waterlines were labelled at 1 m intervals from 4 to 10 m above baseline. In addition, bow and stern thruster tunnel positions were marked on the model at positions:

Bow Thruster: 138.90 m forward of AP, 1.92m above baseline, 2.1 m diameter and

Stern Thruster: 25.65 m forward of AP, 1.98 m above baseline, 1.75m diameter.

A 1 mm trip wire was fitted at station 19 on the bow according to SSPA standard practice in order to develop the turbulent boundary layer during testing.

Main dimensions and hydrostatics of the hull are given in Figure 1. Body plan, fore and aft body profiles are shown in Figure 2 to Figure 4 while the section area curves can be seen in Figure 5. Photos of the aft body arrangement can be seen in Figure 8.

1.3 Rudder model

The rudder model R5068-01-A was manufactured in plastic based on the drawings received from Becker Marine (see Table 2). It was made of two pieces: a rotatable rudder blade and a head box which was fixed to the hull. The rudder angle was set to 0° during the tests.

A sketch of the aft body arrangement showing the rudder planform is shown in Figure 6.

1.4 Propeller model

Propeller model P5033-01-A is a stock propeller with fixed pitch angle designed by SSPA and manufactured by SSPA. It was used for the open water test, the self-propulsion tests and the streamline paint test of the model testing programme described herein.

The propeller main data are specified in Table 3 while a drawing of the propeller geometry is provided in Figure 7.

The propeller open water characteristics can be found in Figure 9 to Figure 11 for both model scale and full scale propellers.

Table 3 Main data of the model propeller

Characteristics	Value
Model ID	P5033-01-A
Number of blades, Z	5
Diameter, full scale, D _s	5.850 m
Diameter, model scale, D _m	240mm
Hub ratio	0.179
Blade area ratio, A_D/A_0	0.648
Pitch ratio P/D at $r/R = 0.75$	0.9925
Turning direction	Right

2 Tests

2.1 Testing facility

All tests described in this report were performed in SSPA's towing tank which has the following main characteristics:

Length 260 m
Breadth 10 m
Water depth 5 m
Carriage speed 11 m/s

The basin is spanned by a carriage which supports a work platform, transports the measuring equipment, and provides the motive force to tow the model.

All tests were performed in calm water.

2.2 Test arrangements and procedures

For each loading condition the model was ballasted to the corresponding full-scale volume displacement. The draught was verified at forward perpendicular (FP), mid ships (MS) and aft perpendicular (AP), on both sides of the model.

During testing, the model was fixed axially to the carriage with a rod and an electrical transducer that measured the towing force exerted on the model. As the rod was adjusted to be parallel to the baseline, the force was measured in the horizontal direction at all tests.

The model was kept on course by two trim devices, one at each perpendicular. These devices also served to prevent the model from surging, swaying and yawing while leaving it free to heave, roll and pitch.

The methods of testing and analysis employed for each of the tests in the towing tank are described in the relevant sections below.

2.2.1 Propeller open water test

The propeller model was tested in open water in the towing tank. It was mounted on a horizontal shaft and moved through the water at an immersion of the shaft centre equal to the propeller diameter. Under normal conditions this is sufficient to prevent the propeller from ingesting air. If the propeller was observed ingesting air at the standard depth, the operators would adjust the propeller immersion accordingly to prevent air ingestion.

Thrust, T_m , torque, Q_m , and rate of revolutions, n_m , were measured on the shaft behind the propeller model. The normal test method keeps the rate of revolutions constant whilst the speed of advance V_A is varied so that the loading range of the propeller can be examined during the test. The propeller open water test evaluation based on the ITTC 1978 Recommended Procedures is described in Enclosure 1.

2.2.2 Resistance and self-propulsion tests

The hull model with mounted rudder was towed at speeds set according to Froude scaling. In the self-propulsion tests the model was equipped with propelling machinery and working propeller.

When the desired speed was reached and kept constant the following parameters were registered by a computer on the carriage:

- Model speed V_m
- Towing force R_{Tm}
- Vertical trim change at station 20 $\Delta T_{\rm F}$
- Vertical trim change at station 0 ΔT_A
- Shaft rate at shaft n_m
- Torque at shaft Q_m
- Thrust at shaft T_m

Photographs of the surface wave pattern were taken by above-water cameras at the bow, stern and amidships during the self-propulsion tests. Test methods and calculation principles for the resistance and self-propulsion tests according to the ITTC 1978 prediction method are described in the enclosures.

2.3 Test programme

The performed calm water towing tank tests as well as the applied hull configurations and loading conditions are summarised in the tables below.

Table 4 Test programme

Series	Date	Test	Loading condition	Hull	Propeller	Speeds
001	2016-10-24	Resistance	Full Load	M5030-01-A	-	8-20kn
003	2016-10-24	Resistance	Design	M5030-01-A	-	8-20kn
005	2016-10-25	Resistance	Trim Aft	M5030-01-A	-	8-20kn
007	2016-10-25	Resistance	Light	M5030-01-A	-	8-20kn
012	2016-12-12	Open water	-	-	P5033-01-A	
014	2016-12-13	Self-prop	Full Load	M5030-01-A	P5033-01-A	8-20kn
016	2016-12-13	Self-prop	Design	M5030-01-A	P5033-01-A	8-20kn
018	2016-12-13	Self-prop	Trim Aft	M5030-01-A	P5033-01-A	8-20kn
020	2016-12-13	Self-prop	Light	M5030-01-A	P5033-01-A	8-20kn

Table 5 Loading conditions

Loading condition	<i>T</i> _A [m]	<i>T</i> _F [m]
Full Load	7.5	7.5
Design	6.5	6.5
Trim Aft	6.5	5.7
Light	6.0	6.0

3 Results and comments

3.1 Resistance and self-propulsion tests

The results from the resistance and self-propulsion tests are summarised in Figure 12 to Figure 43. Photographs of the surface wave pattern during the self-propulsion tests are provided in Appendix 1 to Appendix 4.

The speed-power prediction in Table 6 is valid for calm water, no wind and includes a correction for the added resistance caused by the bow and stern thruster tunnel. The hull surface is assumed to be clean having a state of the art roughness. No bilge keels were fitted to the model, but their effect at full scale was taken into account in the extrapolation. In addition, the propeller is assumed to be unpainted and polished.

At a power delivered on trial, P_{DT} , of 7748kW (based on engine power 9 000kW with 15% sea margin and 1% in shaft line losses) the predicted ship speed is:

Table 6 Predicted speed at trial condition ($P_{DT} = 9000/1.15*0.99kW=7748kW$)

Loading Condition	Ship speed V _s [kn]
Full Load	18.23
Design	18.82
Trim Aft	19.12
Light	19.05

The quality of the hull shape is described in report RE 30157634-02-00-A.

Propulsive coefficients/efficiencies

Comparing the power requirement in self-propulsion the vessel is among the best in the whole speed range.

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Propeller open water tests - Series 012

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Resistance and propulsion - Full Load draught, series 001 and 014

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Self propulsion test results table

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Ship model	M5030-01-A
Date	2016-10-18

Ship main characteristics			
Length between perpendiculars	L _{PP}	[m]	154.00
Beam	В	[m]	27.00

Water properties			
Density of water	ρ	[kg/m³]	1025

Hydrostatics							
Loading condition			Full Load	Design	Trim Aft	Light	
Draft, fore	T _F	[m]	7.50	6.50	5.70	6.00	
Draft, average	Тм	[m]	7.50	6.50	6.10	6.00	
Draft, aft	TA	[m]	7.50	6.50	6.50	6.00	
Waterline length	L _{WL}	[m]	150.11	148.91	150.53	150.02	
Beam in waterline	B _{WL}	[m]	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	
Volume	∇	[m³]	19606	16467	15325	14965	
Wetted surface	S _{HULL}	[m²]	4728	4286	4147	4083	
Wetted surface coefficient		[-]	2.721	2.692	2.699	2.689	
Maximum section area	A _{MAX}	[m²]	200.0	173.0	162.6	159.5	
Block coefficient	Св	[-]	0.6287	0.6093	0.6042	0.5999	
Prismatic coefficient	СР	[-]	0.6365	0.6180	0.6118	0.6092	
Waterplane area coefficient	C _{WP}	[-]	0.800	0.757	0.745	0.732	
Centre of buoyancy, rel. to LPP/2	L _{CB}	[%]	-0.788	-0.177	-0.757	0.067	
Centre of flotation, rel. to LPP/2	L _{CF}	[%]	-5.042	-3.033	-2.841	-2.179	
Length to displacement ratio	$L_{WL}/\nabla^{1/3}$	[-]	5.567	5.853	6.060	6.088	
Length to beam ratio	LwL/BwL	[-]	5.560	5.515	5.575	5.556	
Beam to draft ratio	B _{WL} /T _M	[-]	3.600	4.154	4.426	4.500	
Transverse metacentric radius	BMt	[m]	8.65	9.44	9.97	9.95	
Centre of buoyancy above BL	КВ	[m]	4.07	3.51	3.31	3.24	
Transverse metacentre above BL	KMt	[m]	12.72	12.95	13.30	13.19	
Weight to immerse		[t/cm]	33	31	31	30	
Moment to change trim		[tm/cm]	290	246	243	231	

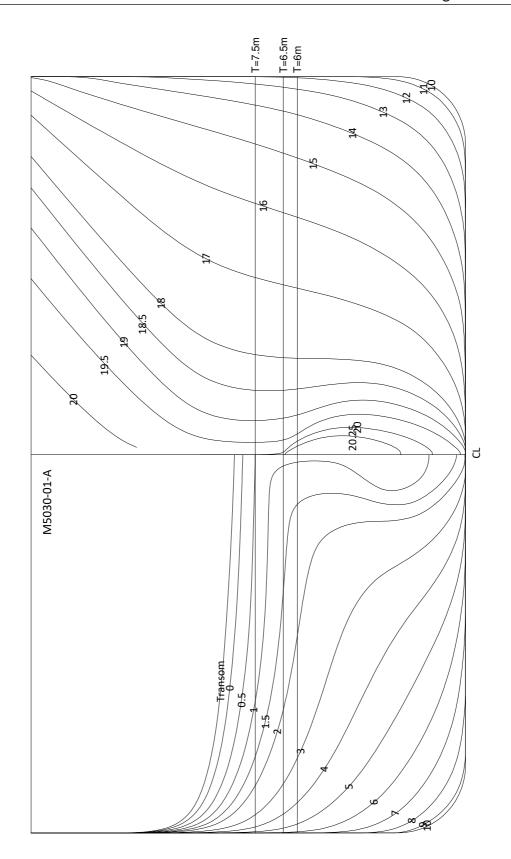
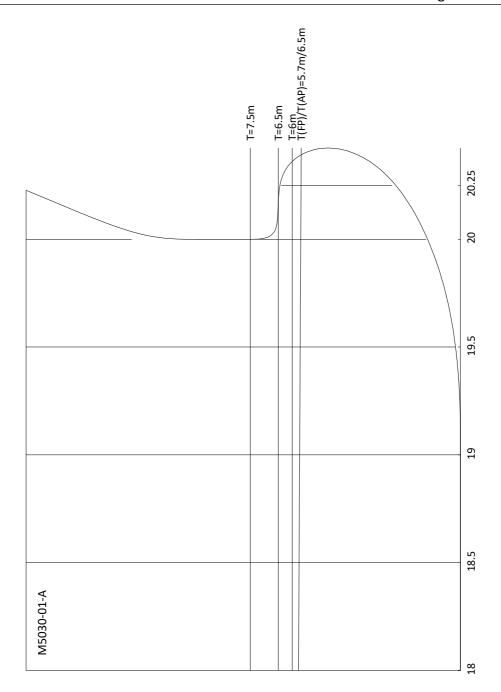
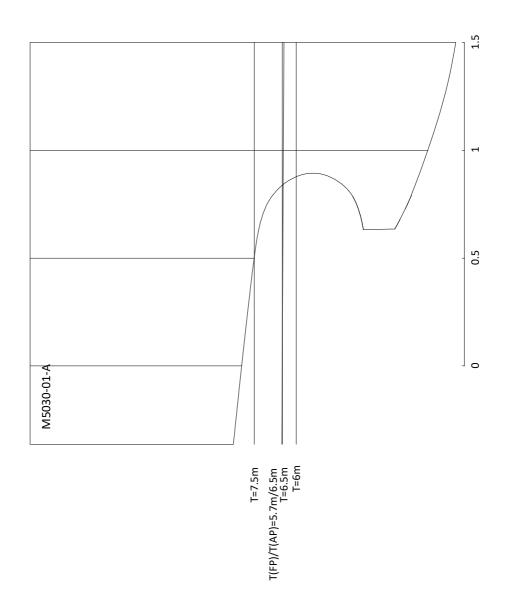
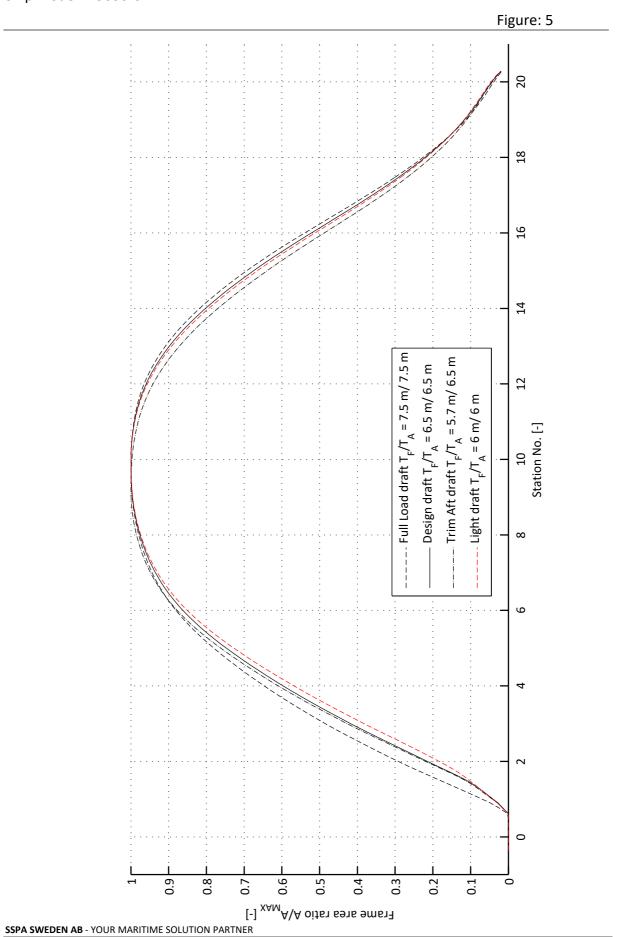


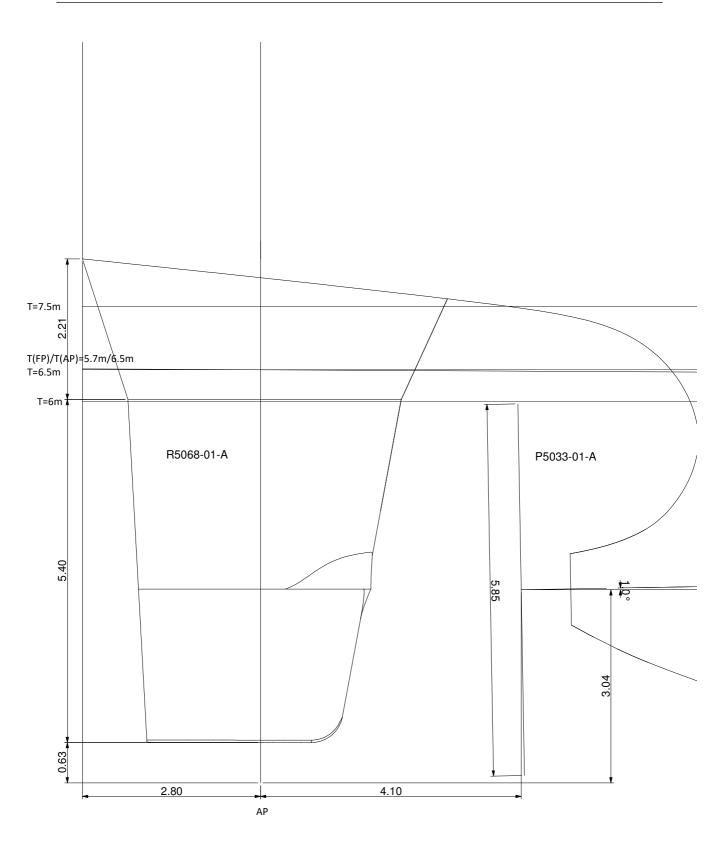
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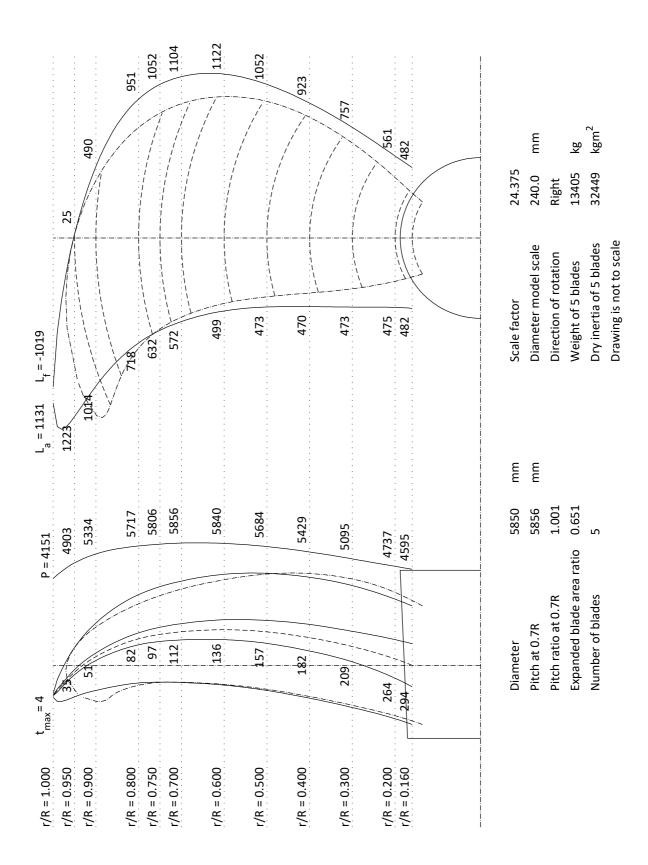












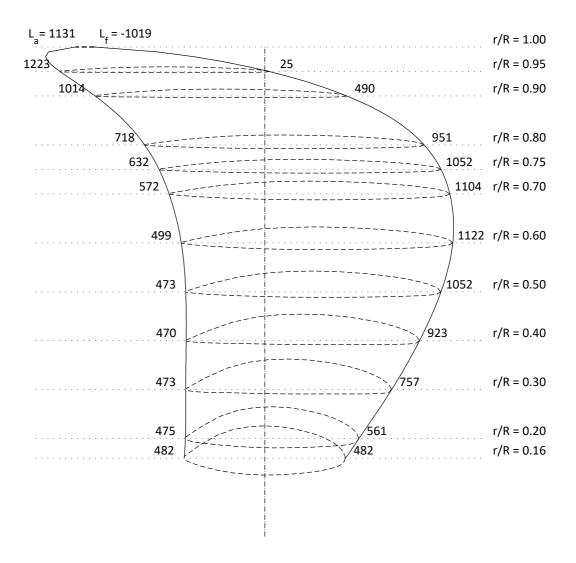
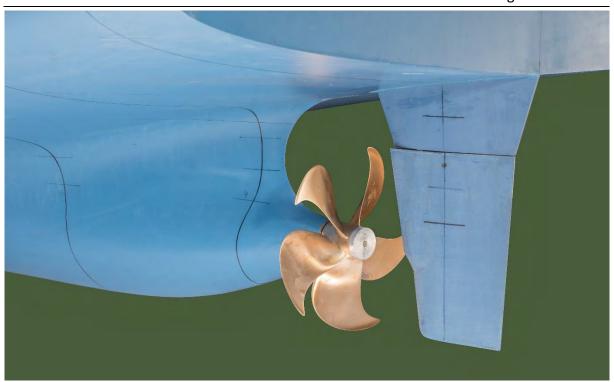
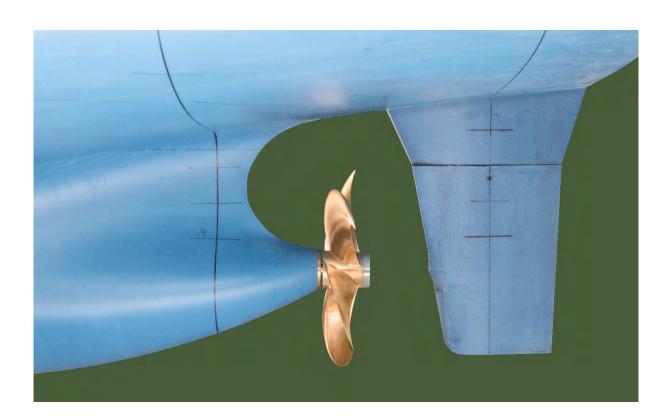
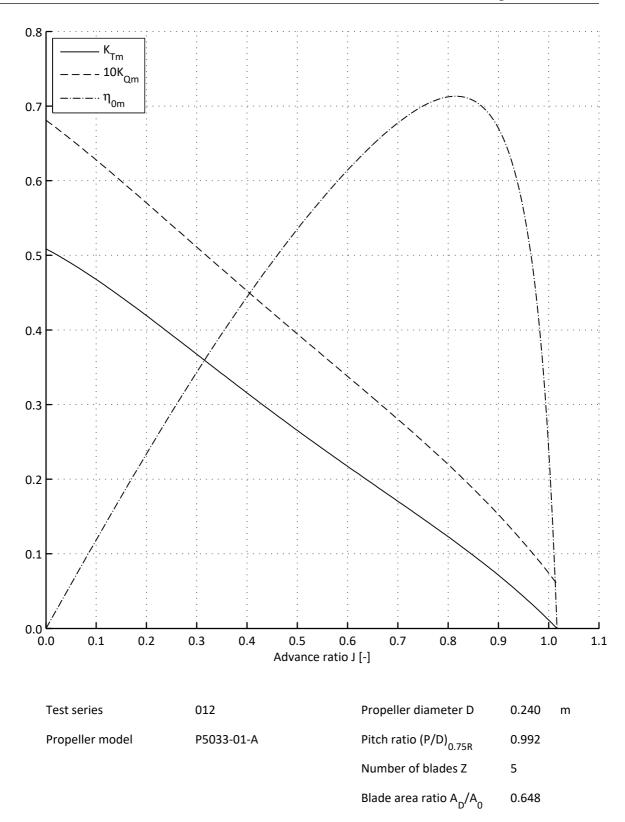


Figure: 8











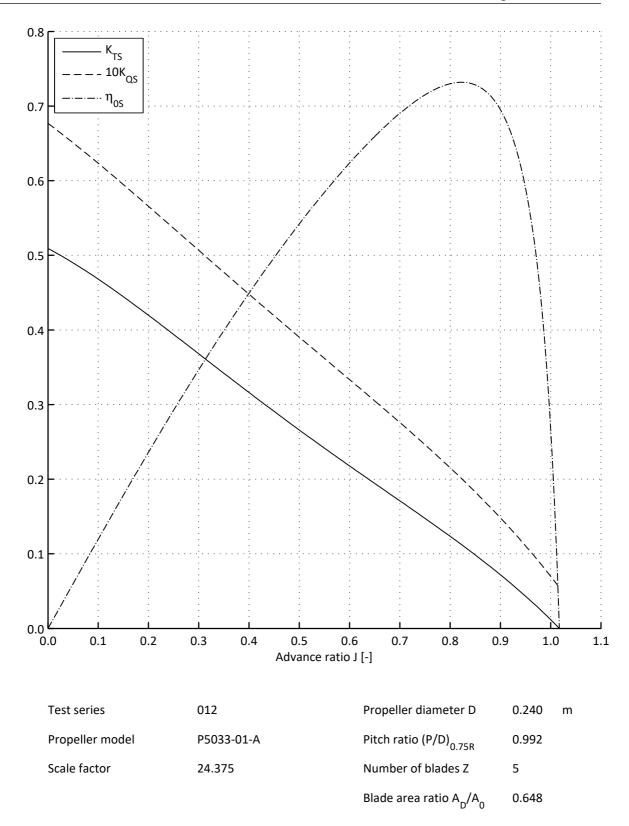


Figure: 11a

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-12
Propeller model	P5033-01-A		
Test series	012		

Propeller - P5033-01-A					
Number of blades Z	5	Chord length c _{0.75R} [m]	0.0691		
Diameter D [m]	0.2400	Maximum thickness t _{0.75R} [m]	0.0040		
Pitch ratio (P/D) _{0.75R} [-]	0.992				

Water properties			
Water density ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature T [°C]	16.7

Open water tes	t results						
Advance speed	Rate of revs.	Thrust	Torque	Advance ratio	Thrust coeff.	Torque coeff.	Prop. eff.
V _A	n _m	Tm	Qm	J	K _{Tm}	K_{Qm}	η_{0m}
[m/s]	[1/s]	[N]	[Nm]	[-]	[-]	[-]	[-]
-0.001	18.01	546.97	17.58	0.000	0.508	0.06809	0.000
0.571	18.01	487.38	15.76	0.132	0.453	0.06105	0.156
1.142	18.04	416.83	13.79	0.264	0.386	0.05321	0.305
1.714	18.00	340.41	11.69	0.397	0.317	0.04531	0.441
2.285	18.02	271.31	9.79	0.528	0.252	0.03788	0.559
2.856	18.08	206.05	7.96	0.658	0.190	0.03055	0.651
3.427	17.96	134.74	5.72	0.795	0.126	0.02229	0.715
3.999	18.05	62.66	3.51	0.923	0.058	0.01351	0.630
4.569	18.02	-30.76	0.60	1.057	-0.029	0.00233	-2.064

Figure: 11b

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-12
Propeller model	P5033-01-A		
Test series	012		

Lerbs coefficients of polynomial					
	C _D	C_L			
C ₀	0.0103250	0.0349038			
C_1	-0.0035389	0.0556164			
C ₂	0.0010822	0.0043195			
C ₃	-0.0000267	-0.0002556			

R _{NC0}	Min: 645662
	Max: 708112

Analysis acc. to Lerbs					
Advance ratio	Angle of attack α	Drag coeff.	Lift coeff. C∟		
-0.0002	22.8419	0.1757	0.5122		
0.1321	5.6462	0.0204	0.4553		
0.2638	4.9596	0.0154	0.3854		
0.3968	4.2210	0.0123	0.3127		
0.5284	3.3291	0.0100	0.2451		
0.6580	2.3225	0.0086	0.1818		
0.7951	1.1162	0.0073	0.1186		
0.9229	0.0408	0.0089	0.0561		
1.0565	-0.7427	0.0144	-0.0231		

Prediction acc. to Lerbs					
Advance ratio	Thrust coeff. K_T	Torque coeff. KQ	Prop. eff. η_0		
0.0000	0.533	0.06217	0.0000		
0.0500	0.499	0.06195	0.0641		
0.1000	0.469	0.06093	0.1225		
0.1500	0.441	0.05926	0.1778		
0.2000	0.416	0.05711	0.2317		
0.2500	0.391	0.05459	0.2853		
0.3000	0.368	0.05183	0.3390		
0.3500	0.345	0.04891	0.3926		
0.4000	0.321	0.04590	0.4456		
0.4500	0.297	0.04287	0.4970		
0.5000	0.273	0.03984	0.5454		
0.5500	0.248	0.03683	0.5889		
0.6000	0.222	0.03385	0.6258		
0.6500	0.195	0.03087	0.6541		
0.7000	0.168	0.02784	0.6721		
0.7500	0.141	0.02473	0.6785		
0.8000	0.113	0.02143	0.6728		
0.8500	0.087	0.01787	0.6550		
0.9000	0.061	0.01393	0.6268		
0.9500	0.037	0.00947	0.5932		
1.0000	0.016	0.00434	0.5817		
1.0500	-0.002	-0.00163	0.2127		
1.1000	-0.016	-0.00863	0.3192		

Figure: 11c

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-12
Propeller model	P5033-01-A		
Test series	012		

Coefficients of polynomial					
K _T		KQ			
A ₀	0.5085789	B ₀	0.0681123		
A ₁	-0.3546700	B ₁	-0.0500673		
A ₂	-0.6492874	B ₂	-0.0402647		
A ₃	1.0364716	B ₃	0.0736592		R _{NCO}
A ₄	-0.5298539	B ₄	-0.0440138		

R _{NC0}	Min: 645662
	Max: 708112

Values from p	olynomial		
Advance ratio	Thrust coeff. K_T	Torque coeff.	Prop. eff. η ₀
0.0000	0.509	0.06811	0.0000
0.0500	0.489	0.06552	0.0594
0.1000	0.468	0.06277	0.1186
0.1500	0.444	0.05992	0.1769
0.2000	0.419	0.05701	0.2340
0.2500	0.393	0.05406	0.2896
0.3000	0.367	0.05110	0.3433
0.3500	0.341	0.04815	0.3949
0.4000	0.316	0.04523	0.4442
0.4500	0.290	0.04234	0.4910
0.5000	0.265	0.03947	0.5350
0.5500	0.241	0.03662	0.5762
0.6000	0.217	0.03378	0.6141
0.6500	0.194	0.03093	0.6482
0.7000	0.170	0.02803	0.6774
0.7500	0.147	0.02506	0.7000
0.8000	0.123	0.02197	0.7124
0.8500	0.098	0.01872	0.7076
0.9000	0.071	0.01526	0.6704
0.9500	0.043	0.01151	0.5612
1.0000	0.011	0.00743	0.2409
1.0500	-0.024	0.00292	-1.3653
1.1000	-0.063	-0.00208	5.3313

Figure: 11d

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-12
Propeller model	P5033-01-A		
Test series	012		

Values from polynomial						
Advance ratio	Thrust coeff. K_T	Torque coeff. K_Q	Prop. eff. η_0			
0.0000	0.509	0.06767	0.0000			
0.0500	0.490	0.06508	0.0599			
0.1000	0.468	0.06233	0.1195			
0.1500	0.445	0.05948	0.1784			
0.2000	0.420	0.05657	0.2361			
0.2500	0.394	0.05362	0.2924			
0.3000	0.368	0.05066	0.3468			
0.3500	0.342	0.04772	0.3992			
0.4000	0.316	0.04479	0.4493			
0.4500	0.291	0.04190	0.4970			
0.5000	0.266	0.03903	0.5421			
0.5500	0.242	0.03618	0.5844			
0.6000	0.218	0.03334	0.6236			
0.6500	0.194	0.03049	0.6593			
0.7000	0.171	0.02759	0.6903			
0.7500	0.147	0.02462	0.7150			
0.8000	0.123	0.02154	0.7300			
0.8500	0.098	0.01829	0.7284			
0.9000	0.072	0.01482	0.6952			
0.9500	0.043	0.01107	0.5906			
1.0000	0.012	0.00699	0.2679			
1.0500	-0.023	0.00248	-1.5714			
1.1000	-0.063	-0.00252	4.3674			

Figure: 12a

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Full Load
Test series	014	Related resistance series	001

Ship particulars - M5030-01-A - Full Load				
Scale factor α [-]	24.375	Wetted surface S _{Hull} [m²]	4728	
Length L _{PP} [m]	154.00	Bilge keel area S _{BK} [m²]	68.4	
Length L _{WL} [m]	150.11	Proj. area above water line A _T [m²]	713.0	
Draught forward T _F [m]	7.500	Displacement ∇ [m³]	19606	
Draught aft T _A [m]	7.500	Hull surface roughness k _s [μm]	150	
Beam B [m]	27.00	LCB position rel. to Lpp/2 [% of Lpp]	-0.788	
Assumed form factor k [-]	0.140			

Propeller - P5033-01-A				
Number of propellers	1	Pitch ratio (P/D) _{0.75R} [-]	0.992	
Number of blades Z	5	Chord length c _{0.75R} [m]	1.684	
Rotation direction	Right	Maximum thickness t _{0.75R} [m]	0.097	
Diameter D [m]	5.850	Blade roughness k _p [μm]	30	

Rudder(s)		
Wetted surface S _R [m ²]	53.00	

Water properties			
Water density (resistance test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (resistance test) T [°C]	17.6
Water density (self. prop. test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (self. prop. test) T [°C]	16.6
Density of water (sea) ρ _s [kg/m³]	1025	Water temperature (sea) T [°C]	15.0

Figure: 12b

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Full Load
Test series	014	Related resistance series	001

Model test results						
Ship speed V _s [kn]	Resistance R _{Tm} [N]	Frict. corr. R _A [N]	Thrust T _m [N]	Torque Q _m [Ncm]	Rate of revs. n_m [1/s]	
8.00	11.07	3.84	8.47	36.1	3.69	
10.00	16.62	5.60	13.14	54.0	4.60	
12.00	23.16	7.62	18.74	75.3	5.48	
14.00	31.25	9.90	25.54	101.2	6.38	
16.00	41.00	12.41	35.23	138.0	7.49	
18.00	53.65	15.15	47.27	183.2	8.58	
20.00	73.30	18.10	67.71	257.1	9.93	

Model propulsor open water characteristics				
R _{NCm} = 645662				
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{Tm} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{Qm} [-]		
0.203	4.174	5.681		
0.282	3.766	5.214		
0.361	3.354	4.748		
0.441	2.950	4.288		
0.520	2.558	3.835		
0.599	2.179	3.386		
0.678	1.808	2.933		
0.757	1.437	2.465		
0.836	1.051	1.966		
0.915	0.631	1.417		

Figure: 12c

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Full Load
Test series	014	Related resistance series	001

Ship model test results								
Ship speed V _s [kn]	Model speed V _m [m/s]	Froude no. F _{nL} [-]	Res. coeff. total $C_{Tm}*1000$ [-]	Residual res. coeff. $C_{Rm}*1000$ [-]	Thrust ded. t_m [-]	Mean wake w _{Tm} [-]	Rel. rot. effic. $\eta_{\text{Rm}} \\ \text{[-]}$	Prop. effic. η _{0m} [-]
8.00	0.834	0.107	3.959	0.042	0.147	0.294	0.906	0.657
10.00	1.042	0.134	3.805	0.045	0.161	0.297	0.938	0.657
12.00	1.250	0.161	3.681	0.044	0.171	0.302	0.960	0.656
14.00	1.459	0.188	3.650	0.111	0.164	0.306	0.972	0.655
16.00	1.667	0.215	3.666	0.209	0.189	0.290	0.983	0.654
18.00	1.876	0.241	3.790	0.403	0.185	0.286	0.988	0.648
20.00	2.084	0.268	4.195	0.869	0.185	0.288	0.994	0.630

Standard prediction										
Correction factor for rate of revs. C _N = 1.000				Correction factor for delivered power C _P = 1.000						
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Eff. power P _E [MW]	Deliv. power P _D [MW]	Shaft rate n _s [1/s]	Thrust Ts [kN]	Torque Qs [kNm]	Tot. eff. η₀ [-]	Prop. eff.	Hull eff. ŋ _H [-]	Mean wake w _{TS} [-]	Advance ratio J _{TS} [-]
8.00	0.432	0.612	0.764	123	128	0.706	0.685	1.138	0.250	0.690
10.00	0.827	1.140	0.949	192	191	0.725	0.683	1.132	0.259	0.687
12.00	1.403	1.900	1.131	274	267	0.739	0.681	1.130	0.267	0.684
14.00	2.258	2.993	1.322	375	360	0.754	0.680	1.140	0.267	0.683
16.00	3.463	4.725	1.534	518	490	0.733	0.674	1.106	0.266	0.673
18.00	5.260	7.203	1.757	697	652	0.730	0.668	1.106	0.264	0.663
20.00	8.398	11.741	2.036	1001	918	0.715	0.649	1.109	0.265	0.635

Ship propulsor open water characteristics						
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{TS} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{QS} [-]				
0.203	4.180	5.637				
0.282	3.771	5.170				
0.361	3.360	4.704				
0.441	2.955	4.244				
0.520	2.563	3.791				
0.599	2.184	3.342				
0.678	1.814	2.889				
0.757	1.442	2.421				
0.836	1.056	1.922				
0.915	0.636	1.373				

Figure: 12d

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13	
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Full Load	
Test series	014	Related resistance series	001	

SSPA ship trial prediction							
Correction factor for rate of revs. C _N = 1.013							
Correction fa	Correction factor for delivered power C _P = 1.020						
Ship speed Vs	Rate of revs. n_T						
[kn]	[MW]	[ps]	[1/s]	[1/min]			
8.00	0.625	849	0.774	46.5			
10.00	1.163	1581	0.961	57.7			
12.00	1.938	2635	1.146	68.8			
14.00	3.053	4150	1.339	80.3			
16.00	4.819	6552	1.554	93.2			
18.00	7.347	9989	1.780	106.8			
20.00	11.976	16283	2.062	123.7			

Draught changes								
Distance from origin to FP: 154.00 m								
Distance from origin to AP: 0.00 m								
Distance fro	Distance from origin to fwd draught: 154.00 m							
Distance fro	Distance from origin to aft draught: 7.70 m							
Ship speed Vs	Forward change T _F	Aft change	Trim angle	CG elevation				
[kn]	[m]	[m]	[deg]	[m]				
8.00	0.07	0.06	-0.01	-0.07				
10.00	0.12	0.06	-0.03	-0.09				
12.00	0.21	0.08	-0.05	-0.14				
14.00	0.31	0.07	-0.09	-0.18				
16.00	0.45	0.09	-0.13	-0.26				
18.00	0.59	0.09	-0.18	-0.32				
20.00	0.76	0.13	-0.23	-0.43				

NSMV Resistance prediction, ITTC 78 method Prohaska plot

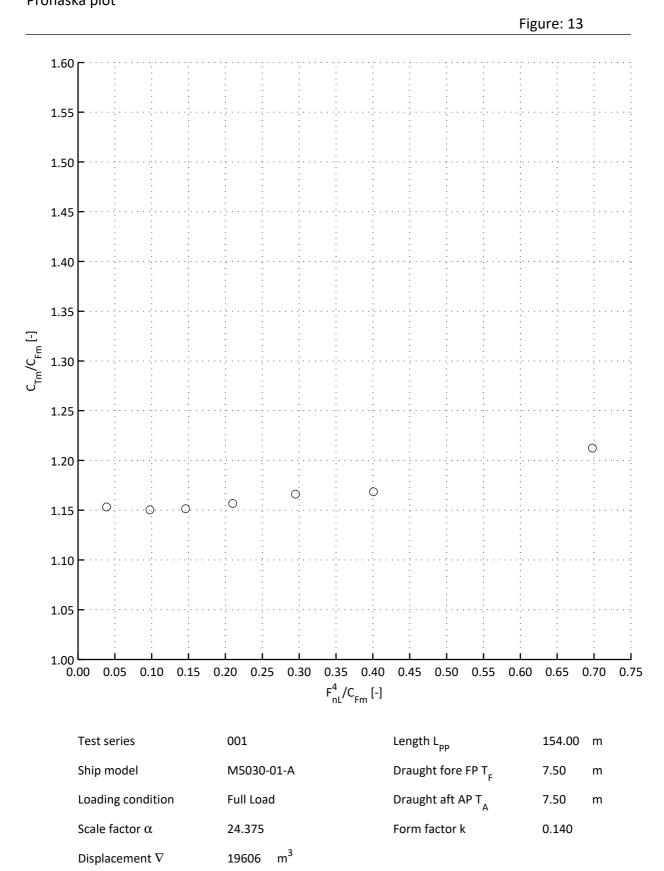


Figure: 14

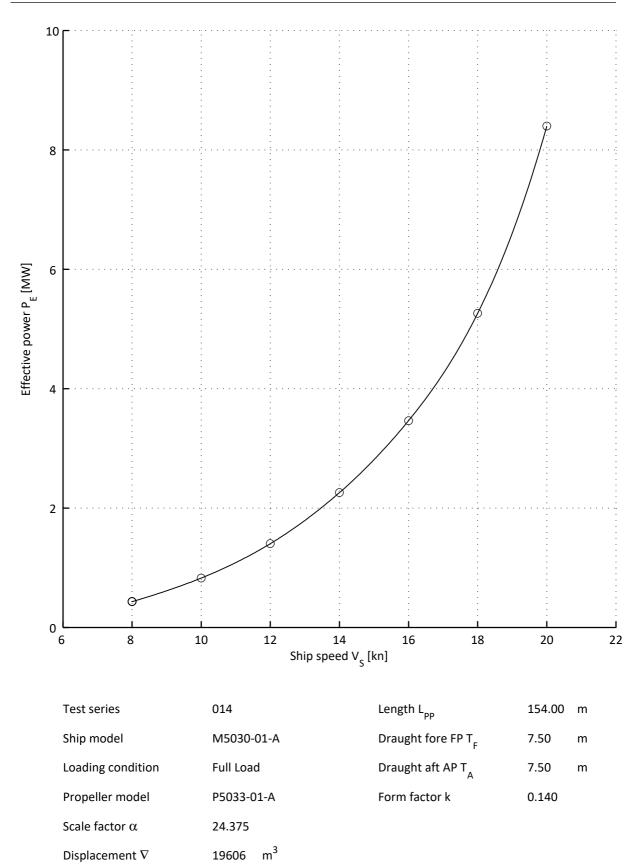


Figure: 15

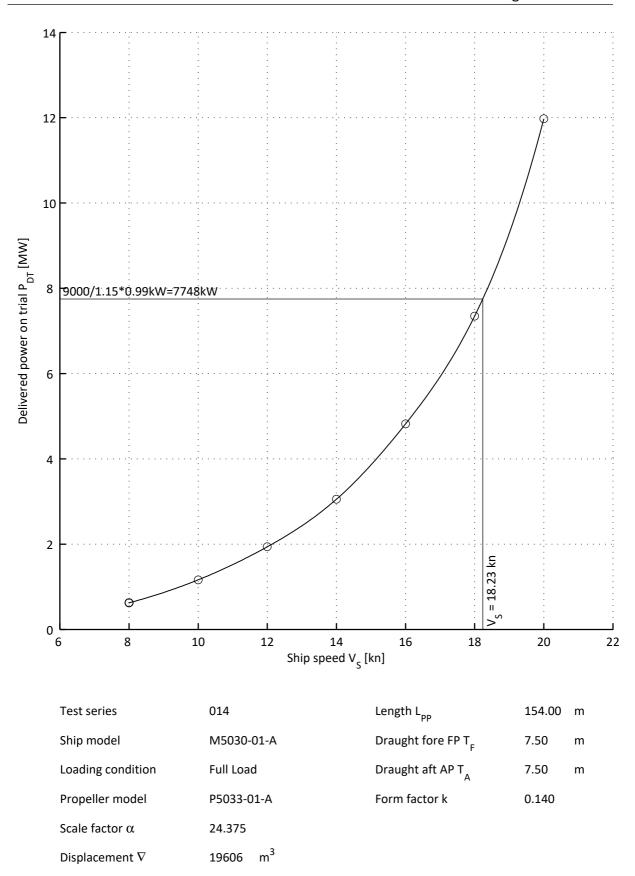


Figure: 16

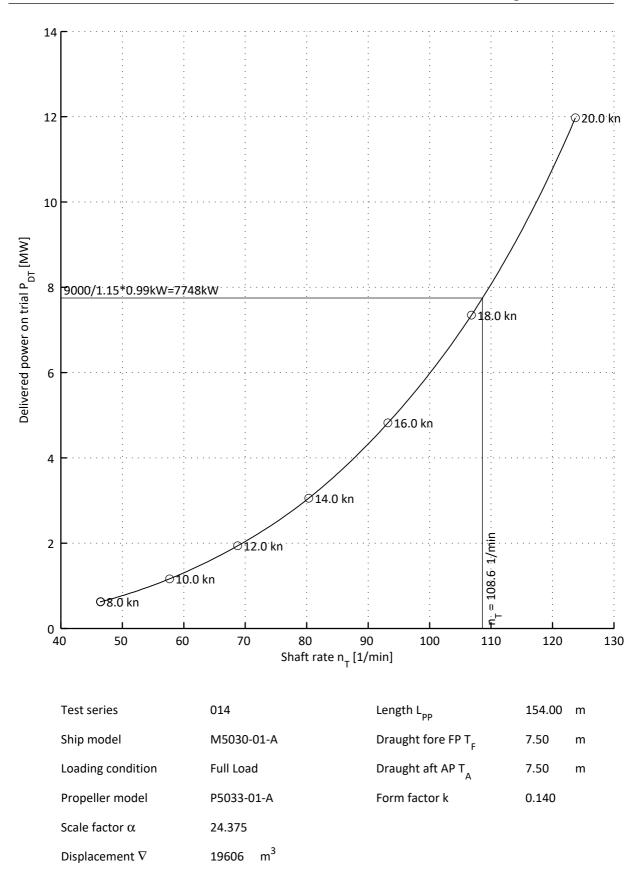


Figure: 17

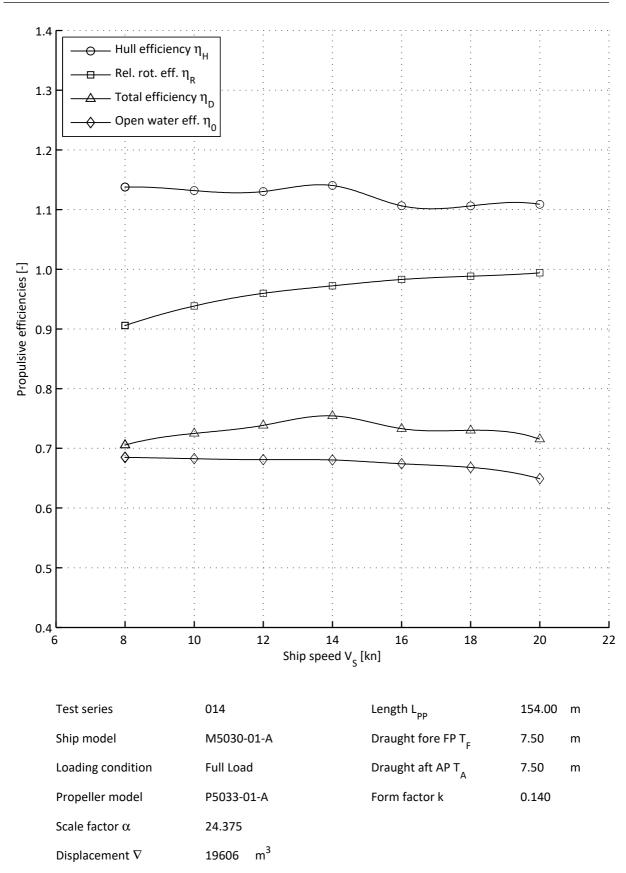


Figure: 18

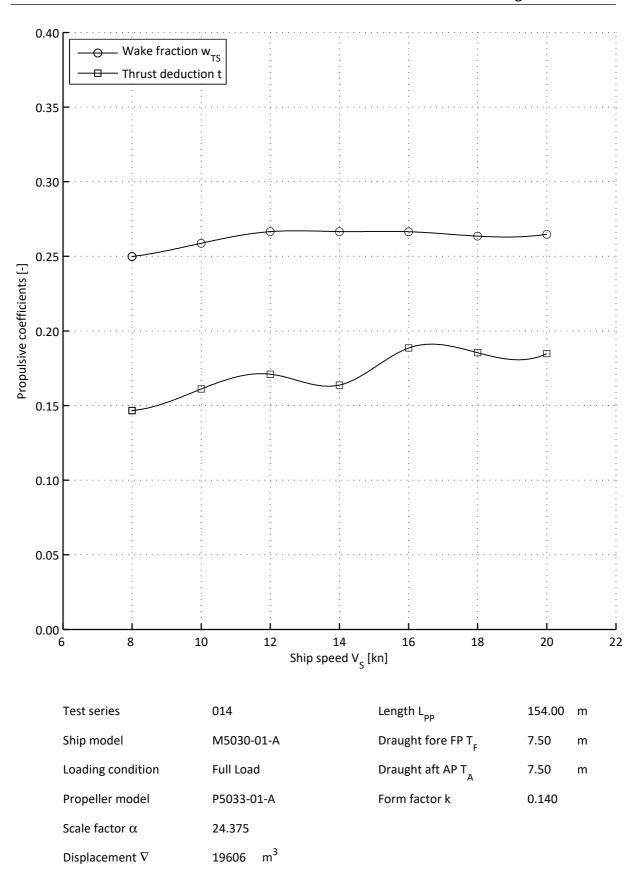


Figure: 19

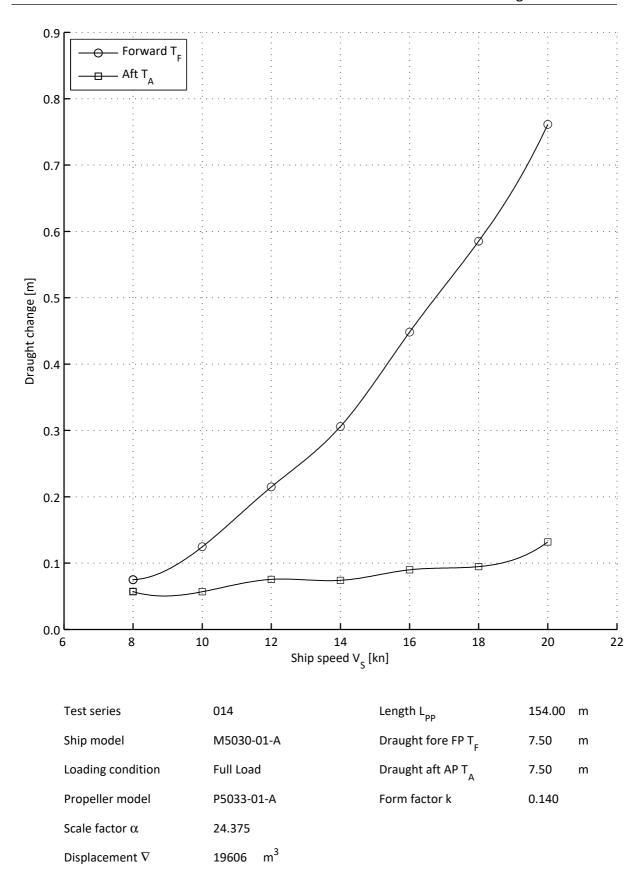


Figure: 20a

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Design
Test series	016	Related resistance series	003

Ship particulars - M5030-01-A - Design						
Scale factor α [-]	24.375	Wetted surface S _{Hull} [m ²]	4286			
Length L _{PP} [m]	154.00	Bilge keel area S _{BK} [m²]	68.4			
Length L _{WL} [m]	148.91	Proj. area above water line A _™ [m²]	740.0			
Draught forward T _F [m]	6.500	Displacement ∇ [m³]	16467			
Draught aft T _A [m]	6.500	Hull surface roughness k _s [μm]	150			
Beam B [m]	27.00	LCB position rel. to Lpp/2 [% of Lpp]	-0.177			
Assumed form factor k [-]	0.170		<u>.</u>			

Propeller - P5033-01-A						
Number of propellers	1	Pitch ratio (P/D) _{0.75R} [-]	0.992			
Number of blades Z	5	Chord length c _{0.75R} [m]	1.684			
Rotation direction	Right	Maximum thickness t _{0.75R} [m]	0.097			
Diameter D [m]	5.850	Blade roughness k _p [μm]	30			

Rudder(s)		
Wetted surface S _R [m ²]	43.40	

Water properties						
Water density (resistance test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (resistance test) T [°C]	17.6			
Water density (self. prop. test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (self. prop. test) T [°C]	16.6			
Density of water (sea) ρ _s [kg/m³]	1025	Water temperature (sea) T [°C]	15.0			

Figure: 20b

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Design
Test series	016	Related resistance series	003

Model test results							
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Resistance R _{Tm} [N]	Frict. corr. R _A [N]	Thrust T _m [N]	Torque Q _m [Ncm]	Rate of revs. n _m [1/s]		
8.00	10.04	3.49	8.04	35.0	3.60		
10.00	15.42	5.08	12.63	52.3	4.49		
12.00	21.70	6.92	18.33	73.8	5.37		
14.00	29.47	8.99	24.82	98.2	6.26		
16.00	38.15	11.26	32.73	128.1	7.18		
18.00	48.70	13.75	42.93	166.5	8.20		
20.00	66.37	16.43	61.82	235.5	9.57		

Model propulsor open water characteristics						
R _{NCm} = 645662						
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{Tm} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{Qm} [-]				
0.203	4.174	5.681				
0.282	3.766	5.214				
0.361	3.354	4.748				
0.441	2.950	4.288				
0.520	2.558	3.835				
0.599	2.179	3.386				
0.678	1.808	2.933				
0.757	1.437	2.465				
0.836	1.051	1.966				
0.915	0.631	1.417				

Figure: 20c

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Design
Test series	016	Related resistance series	003

Ship model test results								
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Model speed V _m [m/s]	Froude no. F _{nL} [-]	Res. coeff. total C _{Tm} *1000 [-]	Residual res. coeff. C _{Rm} *1000 [-]	Thrust ded. t _m [-]	Mean wake W _{Tm} [-]	Rel. rot. effic. η _{Rm} [-]	Prop. effic. η _{0m} [-]
8.00	0.834	0.108	3.968	-0.059	0.184	0.312	0.887	0.657
10.00	1.042	0.135	3.898	0.034	0.181	0.318	0.929	0.654
12.00	1.250	0.162	3.810	0.071	0.194	0.324	0.955	0.651
14.00	1.459	0.188	3.801	0.164	0.175	0.325	0.971	0.652
16.00	1.667	0.215	3.767	0.214	0.179	0.322	0.982	0.652
18.00	1.876	0.242	3.800	0.319	0.186	0.315	0.989	0.650
20.00	2.084	0.269	4.195	0.776	0.192	0.306	0.994	0.635

Standard p	Standard prediction									
Correction	factor for ra	te of revs. C _N =	= 1.000		Correcti	ion factor	for deliver	ed powe	r C _P = 1.000	
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Eff. power P _E [MW]	Deliv. power P _D [MW]	Shaft rate ns [1/s]	Thrust Ts [kN]	Torque Qs [kNm]	Tot. eff. η _D [-]	Prop. eff. η_0 [-]	Hull eff. η _Η [-]	Mean wake w _{TS} [-]	Advance ratio J _{TS} [-]
8.00	0.388	0.568	0.740	116	122	0.683	0.684	1.126	0.275	0.689
10.00	0.769	1.069	0.925	183	184	0.719	0.682	1.136	0.279	0.685
12.00	1.326	1.808	1.107	266	260	0.733	0.678	1.133	0.288	0.678
14.00	2.152	2.835	1.296	362	348	0.759	0.680	1.150	0.282	0.682
16.00	3.237	4.246	1.486	479	455	0.762	0.678	1.145	0.282	0.679
18.00	4.747	6.280	1.690	630	591	0.756	0.674	1.133	0.282	0.673
20.00	7.562	10.346	1.965	910	838	0.731	0.656	1.120	0.279	0.646

Ship propulsor open water characteristics							
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{TS} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{QS} [-]					
0.203	4.180	5.637					
0.282	3.771	5.170					
0.361	3.360	4.704					
0.441	2.955	4.244					
0.520	2.563	3.791					
0.599	2.184	3.342					
0.678	1.814	2.889					
0.757	1.442	2.421					
0.836	1.056	1.922					
0.915	0.636	1.373					

Figure: 20d

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Design
Test series	016	Related resistance series	003

SSPA ship trial prediction					
Correction fa	ctor for ra	ate of rev	/s. C _N = 1	1.013	
Correction fa	ctor for d	elivered	power (C _P = 1.020	
Ship speed Vs	Delivered Pc	-		of revs. n _™	
[kn]	[MW]	[ps]	[1/s]	[1/min]	
8.00	0.580	788	0.749	45.0	
10.00	1.091	1483	0.937	56.2	
12.00	1.844	2508	1.121	67.3	
14.00	2.892	3932	1.313	78.8	
16.00	4.331	5888	1.505	90.3	
18.00	6.406	8710	1.712	102.7	
20.00	10.553	14349	1.990	119.4	

Draught changes					
Distance fro	om origin to FP: 15	54.00 m			
Distance fro	om origin to AP: 0	.00 m			
Distance fro	om origin to fwd d	lraught: 154	.00 m		
Distance fro	om origin to aft dr	aught: 7.70	m		
Ship speed	Forward change	Aft change	Trim angle	CG elevation	
V _s [kn]	T _F [m]	T _A [m]	[deg]	[m]	
8.00	0.04	0.08	0.01	-0.06	
10.00	0.08	0.10	0.01	-0.09	
12.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	-0.13	
14.00	0.21	0.16	-0.02	-0.18	
16.00	0.31	0.20	-0.04	-0.25	
18.00	0.44	0.23	-0.08	-0.33	
20.00	0.60	0.28	-0.12	-0.43	

SSPA Report No.: RE30157634-04-00-A

NSMV Resistance prediction, ITTC 78 method Prohaska plot

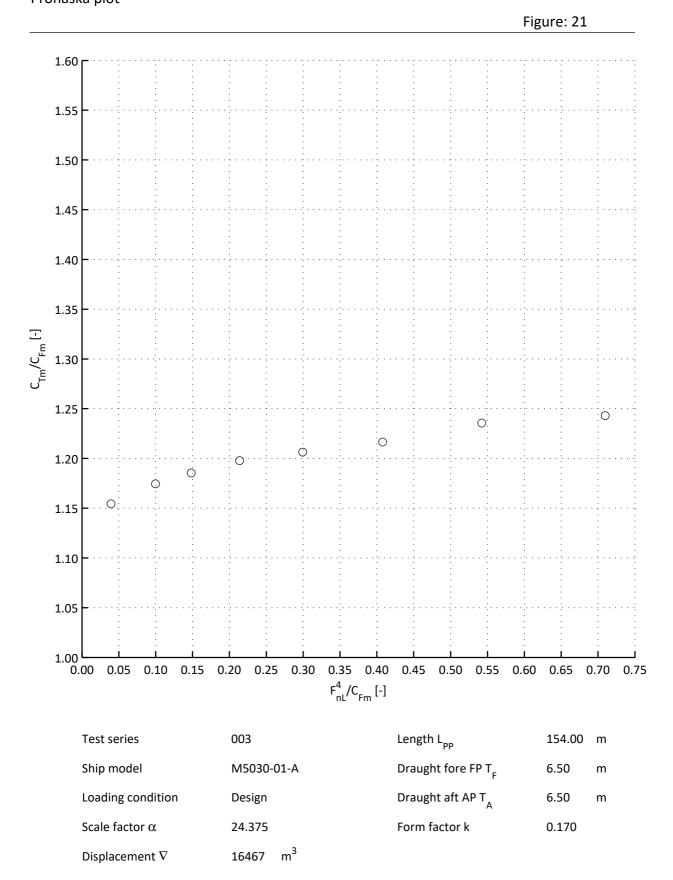


Figure: 22

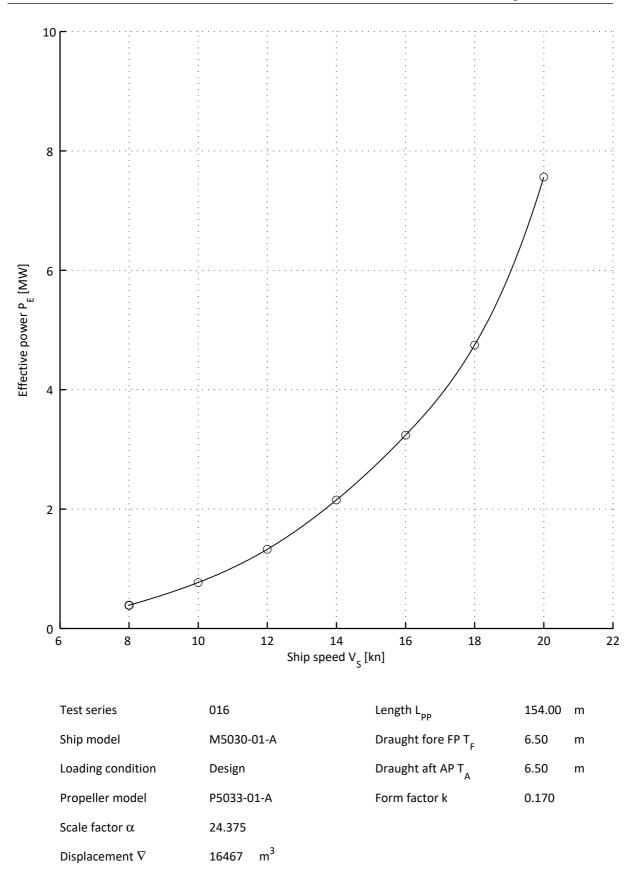


Figure: 23

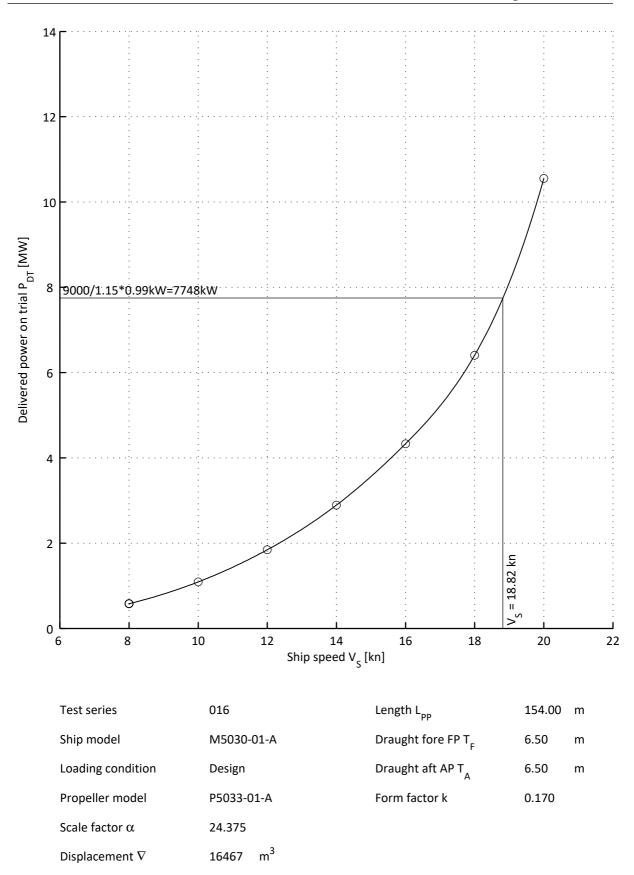


Figure: 24

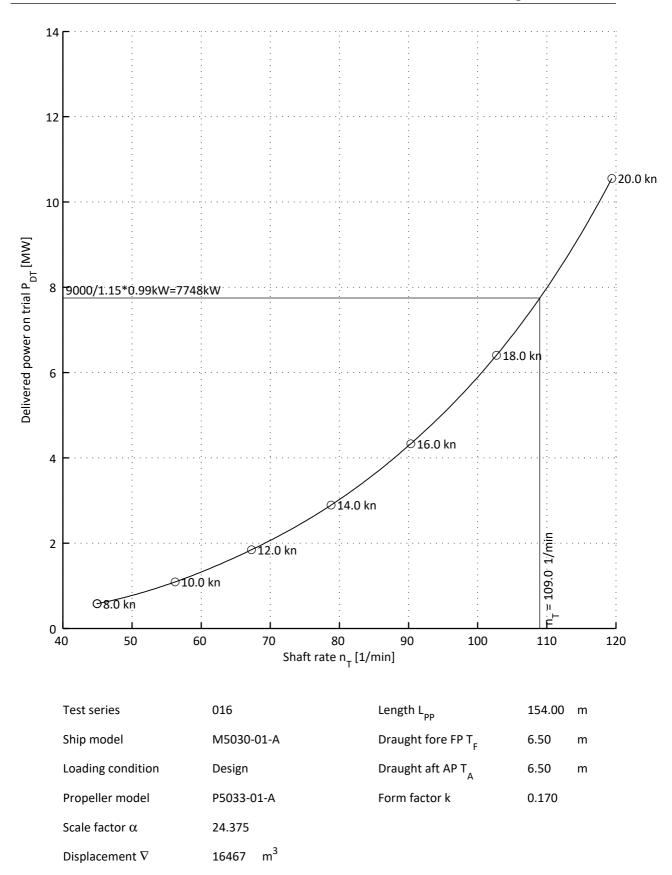


Figure: 25

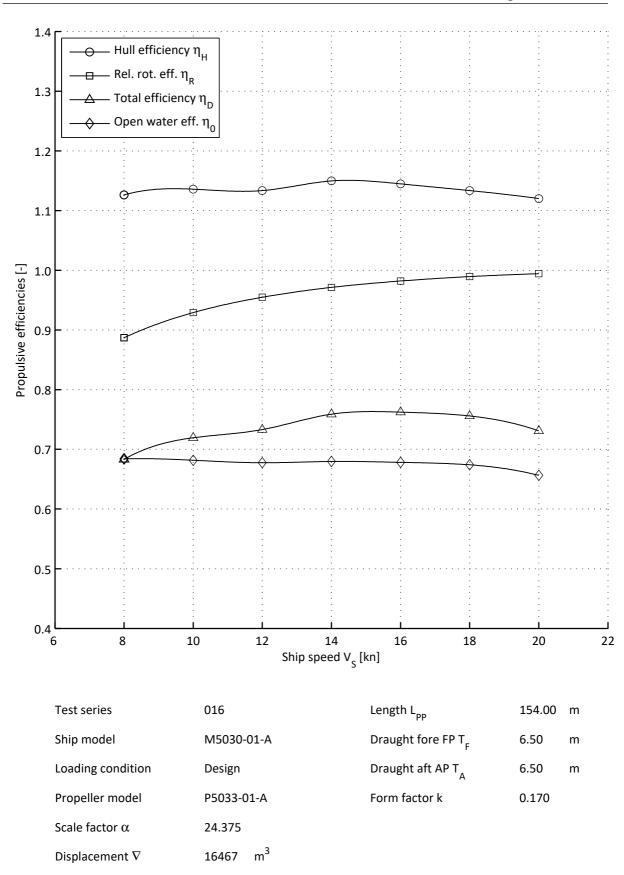


Figure: 26

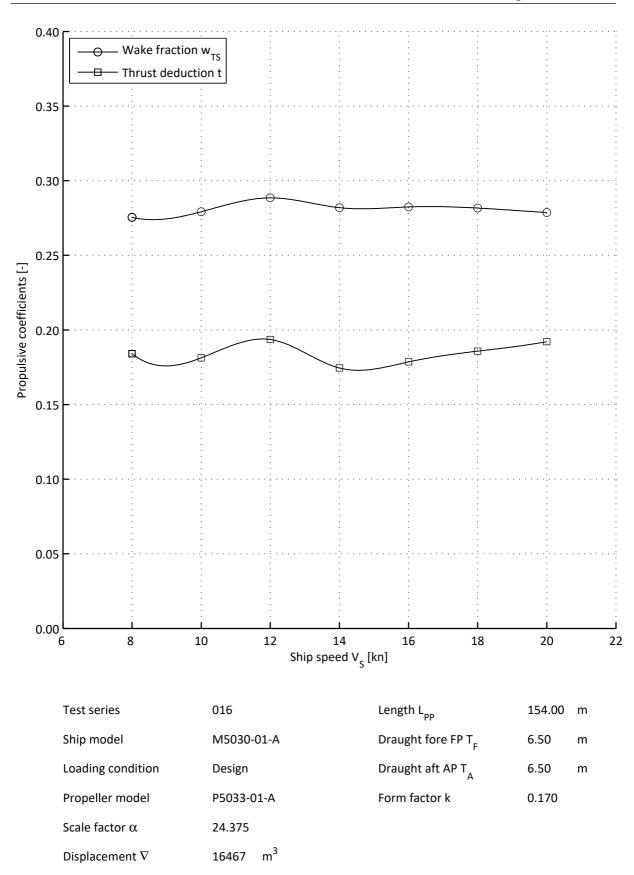
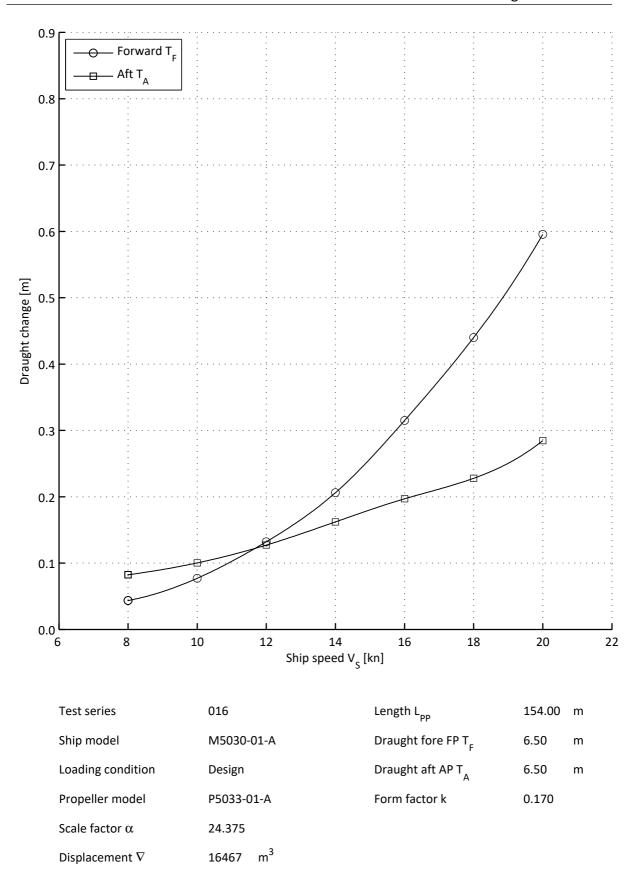


Figure: 27



ITTC 1978 performance prediction method

Figure: 28a

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Trim Aft
Test series	018	Related resistance series	005

Ship particulars - M5030-01-A - Trim Aft				
Scale factor α [-]	24.375	Wetted surface S _{Hull} [m ²]	4147	
Length L _{PP} [m]	154.00	Bilge keel area S _{BK} [m²]	68.4	
Length L _{WL} [m]	150.53	Proj. area above water line A _T [m ²]	750.0	
Draught forward T _F [m]	5.700	Displacement ∇ [m³]	15325	
Draught aft T _A [m]	6.500	Hull surface roughness k _s [μm]	150	
Beam B [m]	27.00	LCB position rel. to Lpp/2 [% of Lpp]	-0.757	
Assumed form factor k [-]	0.225		·	

Propeller - P5033-01-A					
Number of propellers	1	Pitch ratio (P/D) _{0.75R} [-]	0.992		
Number of blades Z	5	Chord length c _{0.75R} [m]	1.684		
Rotation direction	Right	Maximum thickness t _{0.75R} [m]	0.097		
Diameter D [m]	5.850	Blade roughness k _p [μm]	30		

Rudder(s)		
Wetted surface S _R [m ²]	43.40	

Water properties					
Water density (resistance test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (resistance test) T [°C]	17.7		
Water density (self. prop. test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (self. prop. test) T [°C]	16.6		
Density of water (sea) ρ _s [kg/m³]	1025	Water temperature (sea) T [°C]	15.0		

Figure: 28b

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Trim Aft
Test series	018	Related resistance series	005

Model test results							
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Resistance R _{Tm} [N]	Frict. corr. R _A [N]	Thrust T _m [N]	Torque Q _m [Ncm]	Rate of revs. n_m [1/s]		
8.00	9.98	3.36	7.70	33.8	3.55		
10.00	15.60	4.90	12.62	52.4	4.48		
12.00	21.74	6.68	18.27	73.5	5.35		
14.00	29.05	8.67	24.62	97.6	6.23		
16.00	37.17	10.87	31.97	125.7	7.15		
18.00	46.97	13.26	41.89	163.2	8.17		
20.00	62.73	15.85	58.18	223.4	9.43		

Model propulsor open water characteristics					
R _{NCm} = 645662					
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{Tm} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{Qm} [-]			
0.203	4.174	5.681			
0.282	3.766	5.214			
0.361	3.354	4.748			
0.441	2.950	4.288			
0.520	2.558	3.835			
0.599	2.179	3.386			
0.678	1.808	2.933			
0.757	1.437	2.465			
0.836	1.051	1.966			
0.915	0.631	1.417			

Figure: 28c

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Trim Aft
Test series	018	Related resistance series	005

Ship model test results								
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Model speed V _m [m/s]	Froude no. F _{nL} [-]	Res. coeff. total C _{Tm} *1000 [-]	Residual res. coeff. C _{Rm} *1000 [-]	Thrust ded. t _m [-]	Mean wake W _{Tm} [-]	Rel. rot. effic. η _{Rm} [-]	Prop. effic. η _{0m} [-]
8.00	0.834	0.107	4.071	-0.135	0.141	0.317	0.883	0.660
10.00	1.042	0.134	4.073	0.036	0.153	0.320	0.927	0.654
12.00	1.250	0.161	3.943	0.036	0.176	0.329	0.953	0.650
14.00	1.459	0.187	3.871	0.070	0.172	0.327	0.970	0.652
16.00	1.667	0.214	3.793	0.080	0.177	0.318	0.981	0.656
18.00	1.876	0.241	3.786	0.149	0.195	0.310	0.989	0.654
20.00	2.084	0.268	4.096	0.523	0.194	0.303	0.994	0.643

Standard p	Standard prediction									
Correction	factor for ra	te of revs. C _N =	= 1.000		Correcti	ion factor	for deliver	ed powe	r C _P = 1.000	
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Eff. power P _E [MW]	Deliv. power P _D [MW]	Shaft rate ns [1/s]	Thrust Ts [kN]	Torque Qs [kNm]	Tot. eff. η _D [-]	Prop. eff. η_0 [-]	Hull eff. η _Η [-]	Mean wake w _{TS} [-]	Advance ratio J _{TS} [-]
8.00	0.378	0.531	0.733	107	115	0.713	0.696	1.160	0.260	0.710
10.00	0.772	1.046	0.924	177	180	0.738	0.688	1.158	0.268	0.696
12.00	1.311	1.751	1.101	258	253	0.749	0.683	1.151	0.284	0.687
14.00	2.079	2.720	1.284	349	337	0.764	0.684	1.153	0.282	0.689
16.00	3.077	4.013	1.469	454	435	0.767	0.685	1.141	0.279	0.691
18.00	4.453	5.914	1.667	598	565	0.753	0.680	1.120	0.282	0.682
20.00	6.928	9.380	1.921	836	777	0.739	0.667	1.114	0.277	0.662

Ship propulsor open water characteristics					
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{TS} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{QS} [-]			
0.203	4.180	5.637			
0.282	3.771	5.170			
0.361	3.360	4.704			
0.441	2.955	4.244			
0.520	2.563	3.791			
0.599	2.184	3.342			
0.678	1.814	2.889			
0.757	1.442	2.421			
0.836	1.056	1.922			
0.915	0.636	1.373			

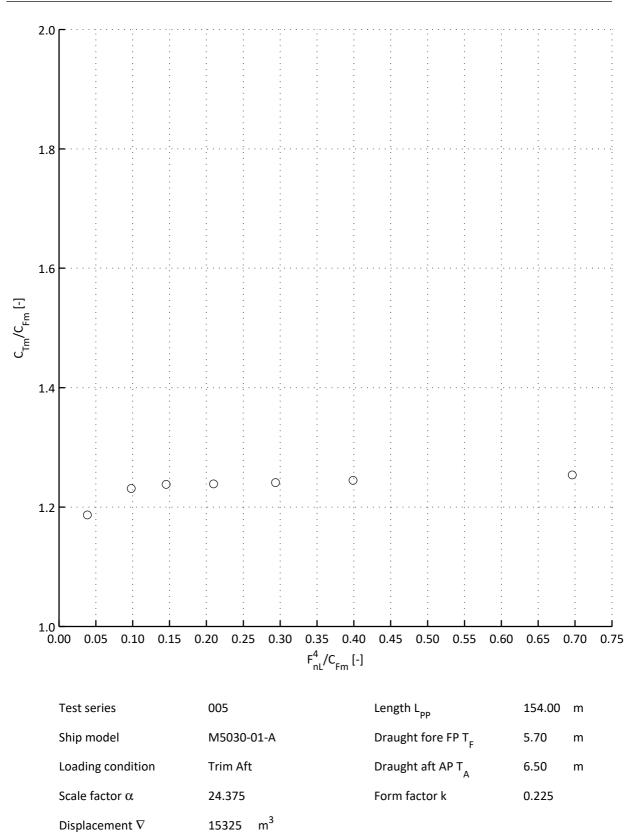
Figure: 28d

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Trim Aft
Test series	018	Related resistance series	005

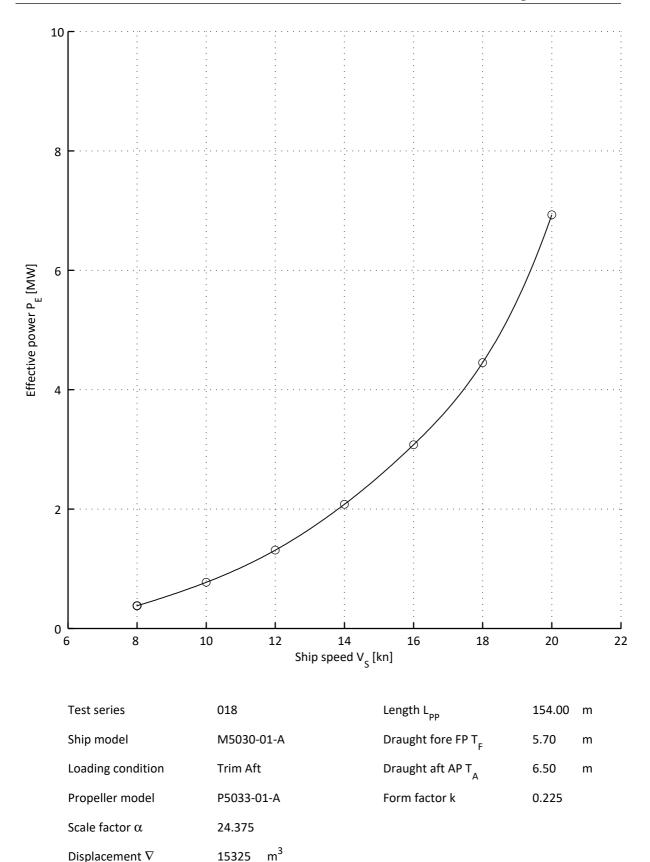
SSPA ship trial prediction						
Correction fac	ctor for r	ate of rev	s. C _N = 1	013		
Correction fac	ctor for d	elivered _l	oower C	_P = 1.020		
Ship speed Vs		d power		of revs. n _⊤		
[kn]	[MW]	[ps]	[1/s]	[1/min]		
8.00	0.541	736	0.742	44.5		
10.00	1.067	1450	0.936	56.2		
12.00	1.786	2428	1.115	66.9		
14.00	2.774	3772	1.300	78.0		
16.00	4.093	5565	1.488	89.3		
18.00	6.032	8201	1.688	101.3		
20.00	9.567	13008	1.946	116.8		

Draught changes							
Distance fro	Distance from origin to FP: 154.00 m						
Distance fro	om origin to AP: 0	.00 m					
Distance fro	om origin to fwd d	lraught: 154	.00 m				
Distance fro	om origin to aft dr	aught: 7.70	m				
Ship speed	_	Aft change	Trim angle	CG elevation			
V _s	T _F	T _A	[doa]	[m]			
[kn]	[m]	[m]	[deg]	[m]			
8.00	0.02	0.09	0.03	-0.05			
10.00	0.04	0.11	0.03	-0.08			
12.00	0.09	0.15	0.02	-0.12			
14.00	0.15	0.20	0.02	-0.18			
16.00	0.23	0.23	0.00	-0.23			
18.00	0.34	0.27	-0.03	-0.30			
20.00	0.48	0.34	-0.05	-0.40			









Displacement ∇

Figure: 31

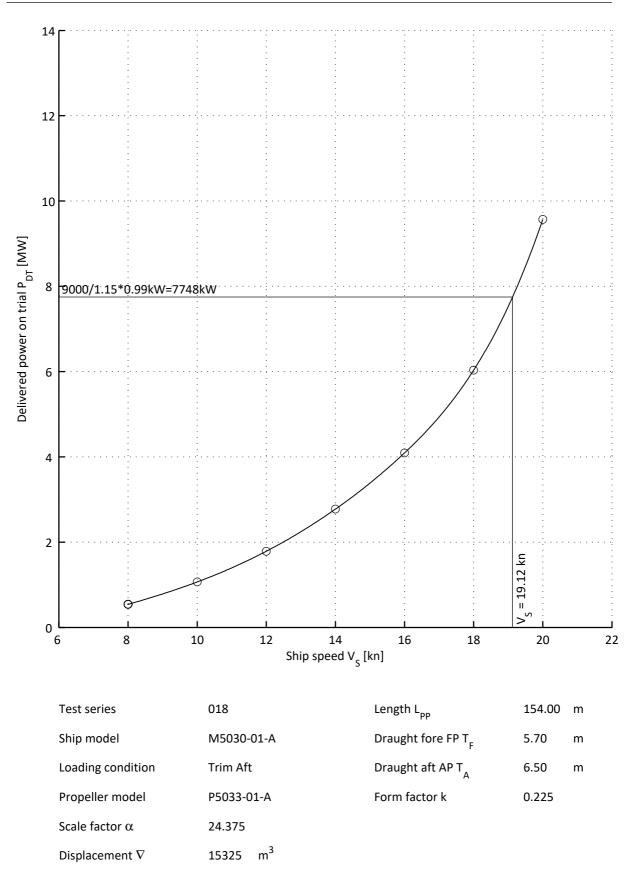


Figure: 32

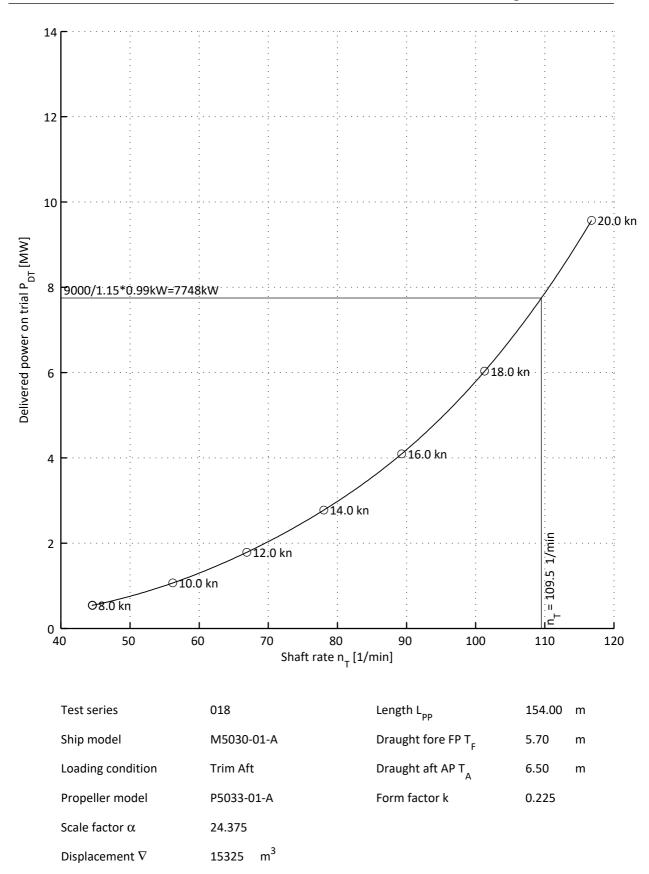


Figure: 33

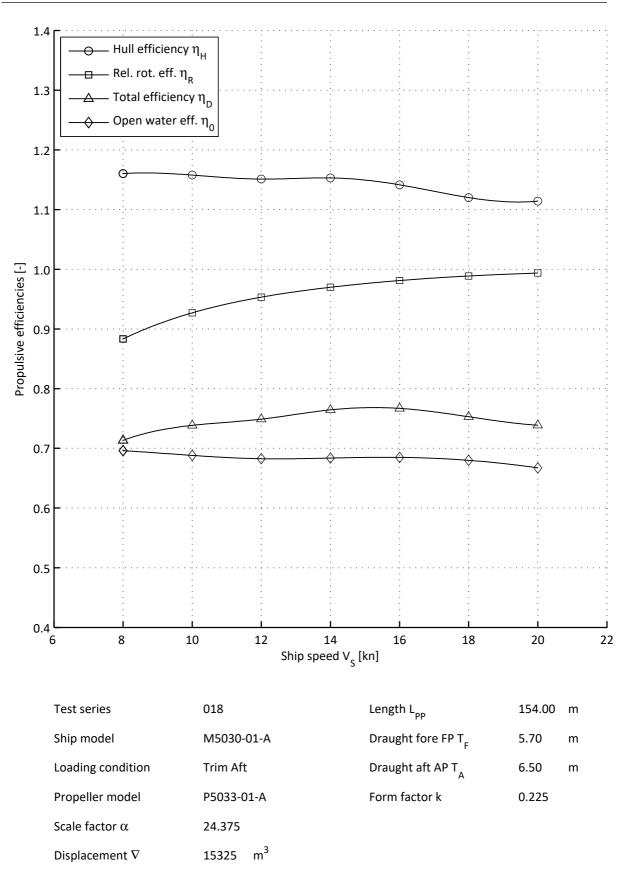


Figure: 34

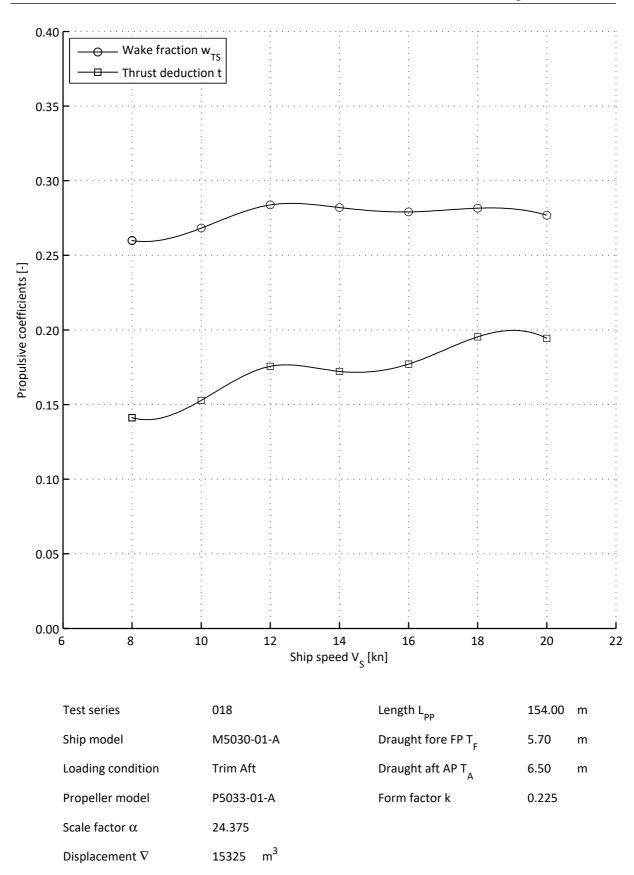


Figure: 35

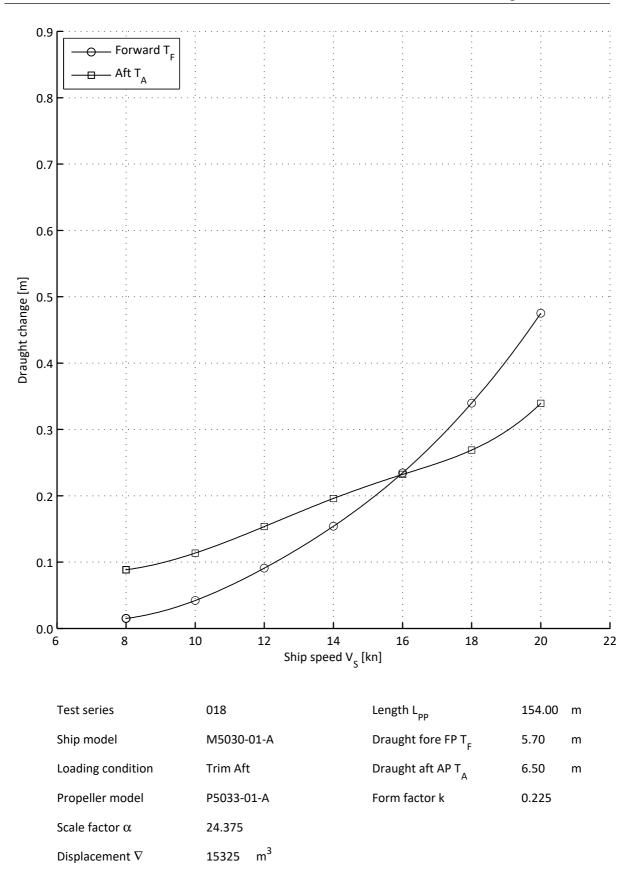


Figure: 36a

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Light
Test series	020	Related resistance series	007

Ship particulars - M5030-01-A - Light				
Scale factor α [-]	24.375	Wetted surface S _{Hull} [m ²]	4083	
Length L _{PP} [m]	154.00	Bilge keel area S _{BK} [m²]	68.4	
Length L _{WL} [m]	150.02	Proj. area above water line A _T [m ²]	753.0	
Draught forward T _F [m]	6.000	Displacement ∇ [m³]	14965	
Draught aft T _A [m]	6.000	Hull surface roughness k _s [μm]	150	
Beam B [m]	27.00	LCB position rel. to Lpp/2 [% of Lpp]	0.067	
Assumed form factor k [-]	0.195		<u>.</u>	

Propeller - P5033-01-A					
Number of propellers	1	Pitch ratio (P/D) _{0.75R} [-]	0.992		
Number of blades Z	5	Chord length c _{0.75R} [m]	1.684		
Rotation direction	Right	Maximum thickness t _{0.75R} [m]	0.097		
Diameter D [m]	5.850	Blade roughness k _p [μm]	30		

Rudder(s)		
Wetted surface S _R [m ²]	38.90	

Water properties					
Water density (resistance test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (resistance test) T [°C]	17.7		
Water density (self. prop. test) ρ _m [kg/m³]	1000	Water temperature (self. prop. test) T [°C]	16.6		
Density of water (sea) ρ _s [kg/m³]	1025	Water temperature (sea) T [°C]	15.0		

Figure: 36b

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Light
Test series	020	Related resistance series	007

Model test results							
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Resistance R _{Tm} [N]	Frict. corr. R _A [N]	Thrust T _m [N]	Torque Q _m [Ncm]	Rate of revs. n _m [1/s]		
8.00	9.70	3.31	7.70	33.7	3.54		
10.00	14.97	4.83	12.30	50.8	4.41		
12.00	20.93	6.58	17.30	70.2	5.28		
14.00	28.09	8.54	23.68	94.3	6.15		
16.00	36.47	10.70	31.51	123.3	7.05		
18.00	46.98	13.06	41.92	161.9	8.05		
20.00	62.82	15.61	59.00	224.5	9.36		

Model propulsor open water characteristics							
R _{NCm} = 645662							
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{Tm} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{Qm} [-]					
0.203	4.174	5.681					
0.282	3.766	5.214					
0.361	3.354	4.748					
0.441	2.950	4.288					
0.520	2.558	3.835					
0.599	2.179	3.386					
0.678	1.808	2.933					
0.757	1.437	2.465					
0.836	1.051	1.966					
0.915	0.631	1.417					

Figure: 36c

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Light
Test series	020	Related resistance series	007

Ship model test results								
Ship speed Vs [kn]	Model speed V _m [m/s]	Froude no. F _{nL} [-]	Res. coeff. total C _{Tm} *1000 [-]	Residual res. coeff. C _{Rm} *1000 [-]	Thrust ded. t _m [-]	Mean wake W _{Tm} [-]	Rel. rot. effic. η _{Rm} [-]	Prop. effic nom [-]
8.00	0.834	0.107	4.023	-0.083	0.171	0.320	0.885	0.659
10.00	1.042	0.134	3.975	0.034	0.175	0.333	0.930	0.653
12.00	1.250	0.161	3.860	0.046	0.170	0.327	0.951	0.657
14.00	1.459	0.188	3.805	0.095	0.174	0.331	0.968	0.655
16.00	1.667	0.215	3.782	0.158	0.182	0.335	0.982	0.652
18.00	1.876	0.241	3.850	0.299	0.191	0.333	0.991	0.647
20.00	2.084	0.268	4.170	0.683	0.200	0.320	0.996	0.635

Standard prediction										
Correction factor for rate of revs. C _N = 1.000					Correcti	on factor	for deliver	ed powe	r C _P = 1.000	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Torque Qs [kNm]	Tot. eff. η₀ [-]	Prop. eff.	Hull eff. ŋ _H [-]	Mean wake w _{TS} [-]	Advance ratio J _{TS} [-]	
8.00	0.373	0.535	0.730	109	117	0.698	0.690	1.143	0.274	0.700
10.00	0.747	1.018	0.913	176	177	0.734	0.684	1.153	0.285	0.689
12.00	1.274	1.690	1.093	249	246	0.754	0.687	1.154	0.281	0.695
14.00	2.033	2.653	1.274	342	331	0.766	0.685	1.156	0.286	0.690
16.00	3.072	3.983	1.458	456	435	0.771	0.681	1.154	0.292	0.683
18.00	4.566	5.967	1.661	609	572	0.765	0.674	1.147	0.294	0.672
20.00	7.093	9.584	1.921	861	794	0.740	0.659	1.127	0.290	0.650

Ship propulsor open water characteristics						
Advance ratio J [-]	Thrust coeff. 10*K _{TS} [-]	Torque coeff. 100*K _{QS} [-]				
0.203	4.180	5.637				
0.282	3.771	5.170				
0.361	3.360	4.704				
0.441	2.955	4.244				
0.520	2.563	3.791				
0.599	2.184	3.342				
0.678	1.814	2.889				
0.757	1.442	2.421				
0.836	1.056	1.922				
0.915	0.636	1.373				

Figure: 36d

Project number	30157634	Date	2016-12-13
Ship model	M5030-01-A	Loading condition	Light
Test series	020	Related resistance series	007

SSPA ship trial prediction							
Correction factor for rate of revs. C _N = 1.013							
Correction fac	ctor for d	elivered _l	oower C	_P = 1.020			
Ship speed Vs		d power		of revs. n _⊤			
[kn]	[MW]	[ps]	[1/s] [1/mir				
8.00	0.546	742	0.739	44.3			
10.00	1.038	1411	0.924 55				
12.00	1.723	2343	1.107 66				
14.00	14.00 2.706 3679 1.291 77.						
16.00	16.00 4.063 5524 1.477						
18.00 6.086 8274 1.683 10							
20.00	9.776	13291	1.946	116.8			

Draught changes								
Distance fro	Distance from origin to FP: 154.00 m							
Distance fro	Distance from origin to AP: 0.00 m							
Distance fro	om origin to fwd d	raught: 154	.00 m					
Distance fro	om origin to aft dr	aught: 7.70	m					
Ship speed	Forward change	Aft change	Trim angle	CG elevation				
V _s [kn]	T _F [m]	T _A [m]	[deg]	[m]				
8.00	0.03	0.09	0.02	-0.06				
10.00	0.06 0.11 0.02							
12.00	0.12	0.15	0.01	-0.13				
14.00	00 0.17 0.19 0.01 -0.18							
16.00	0.24 0.24 0.00 -0.24							
18.00	18.00 0.35 0.30 -0.02 -0.33							
20.00	0.47	0.38	-0.03	-0.42				

NSMV Resistance prediction, ITTC 78 method Prohaska plot

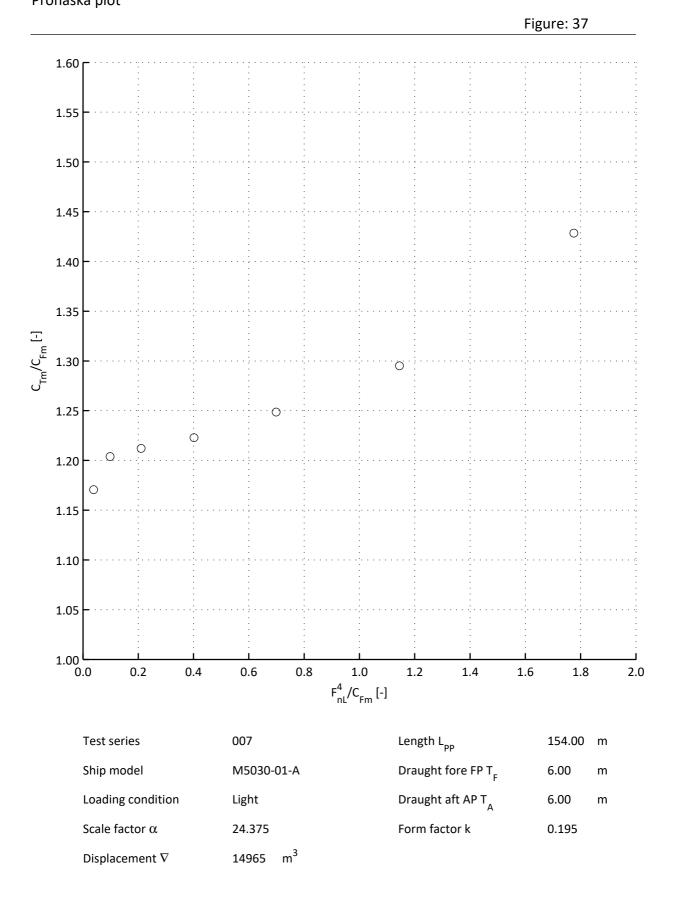


Figure: 38

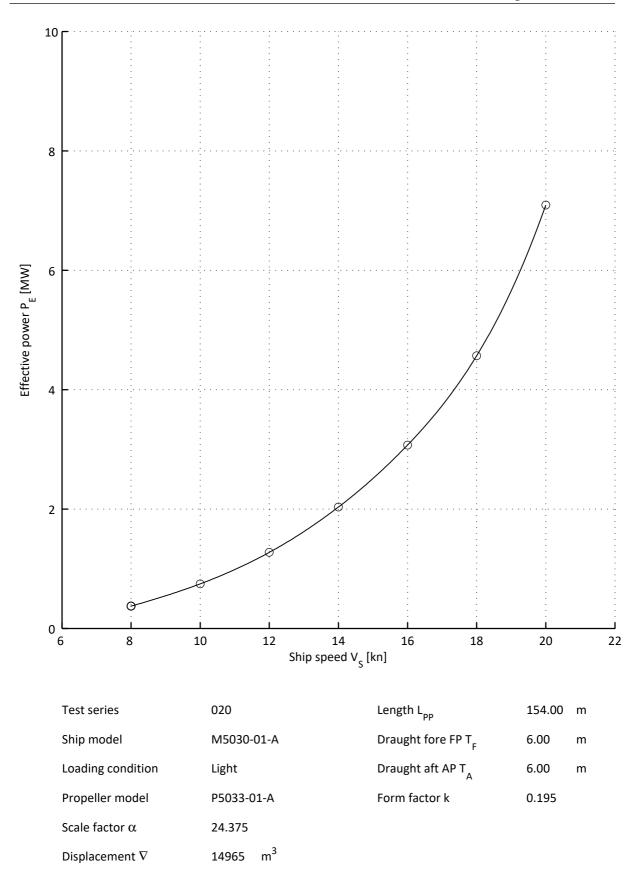


Figure: 39

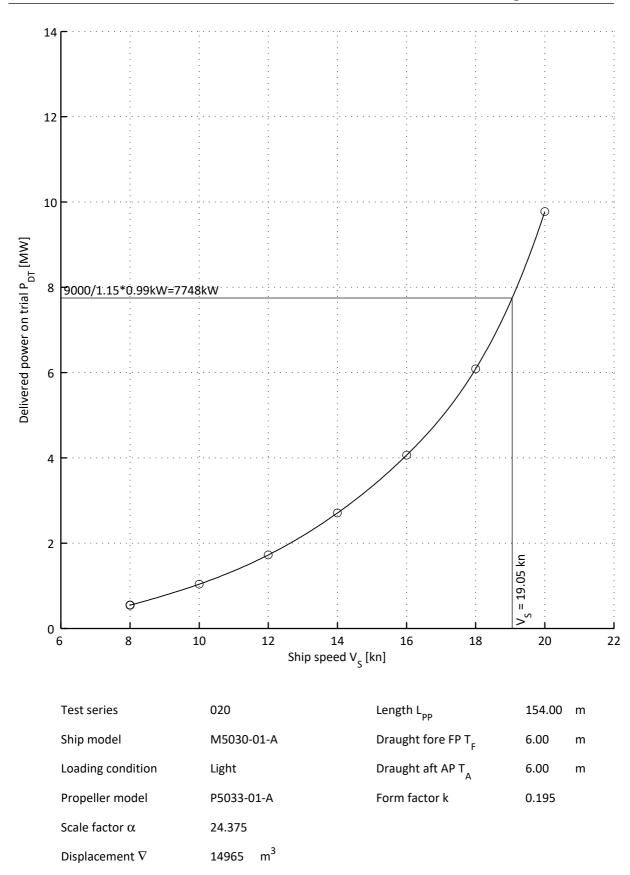


Figure: 40

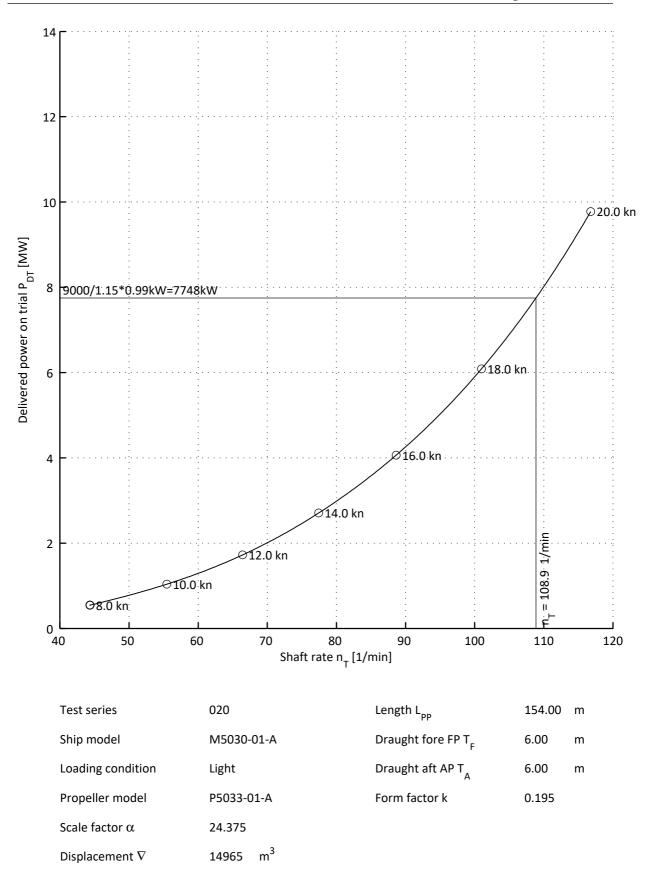


Figure: 41

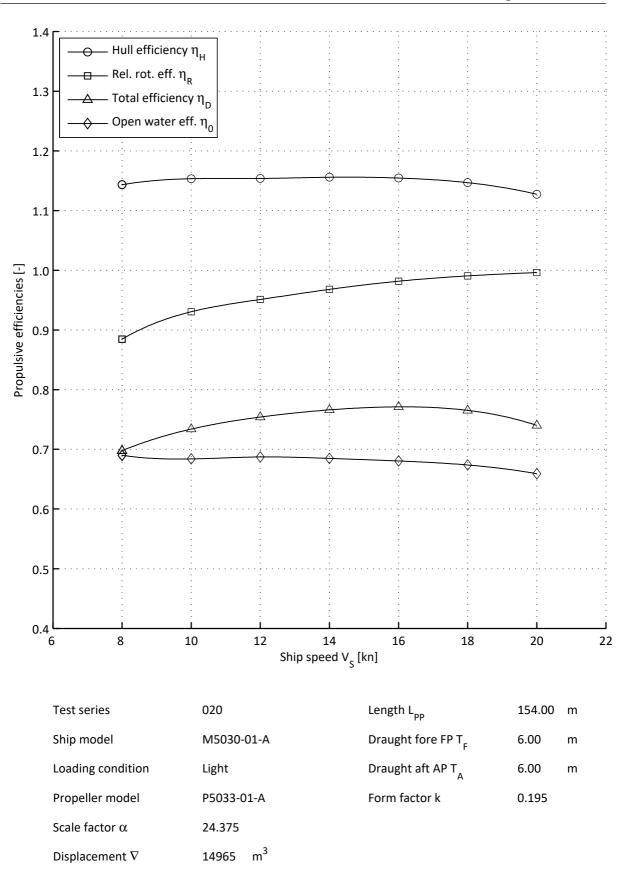


Figure: 42

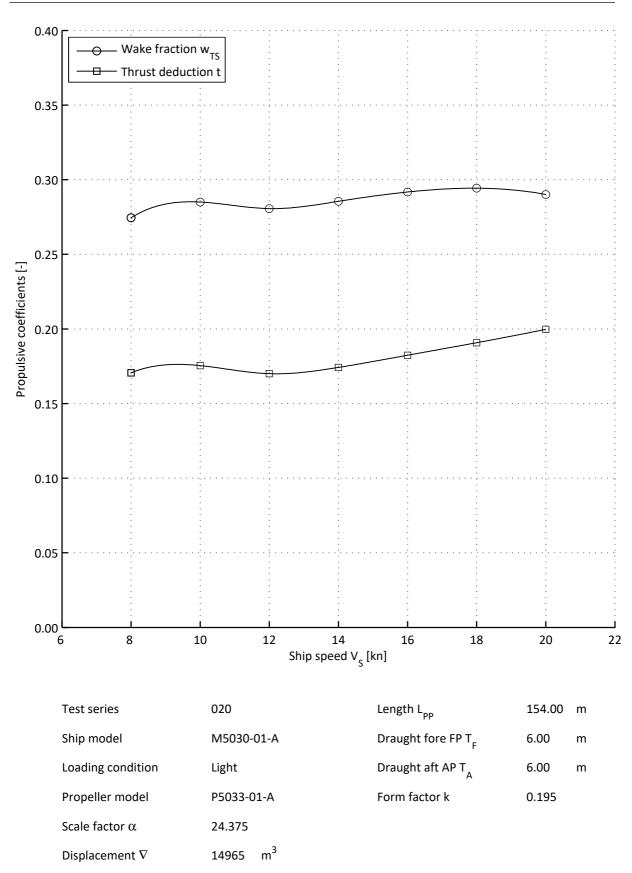
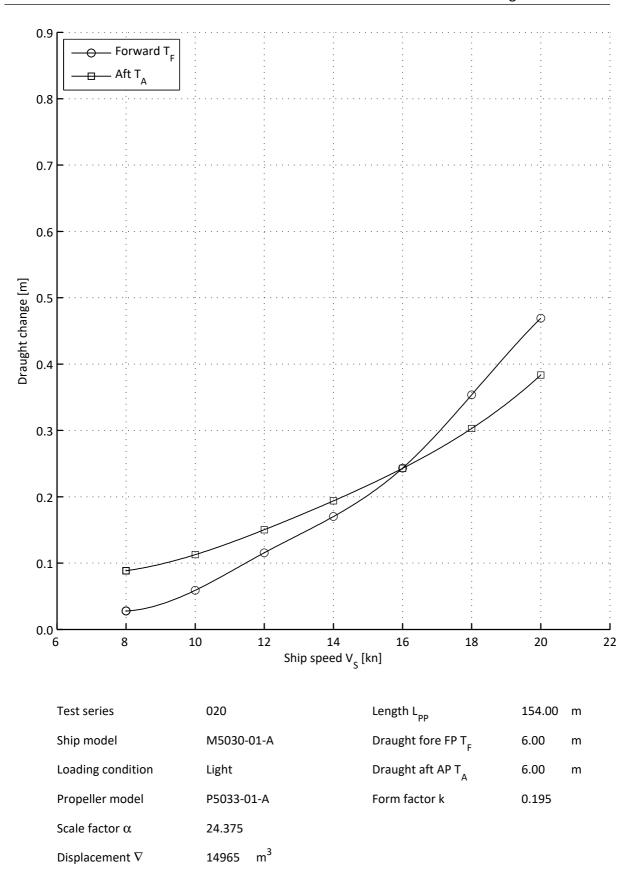


Figure: 43



Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 1

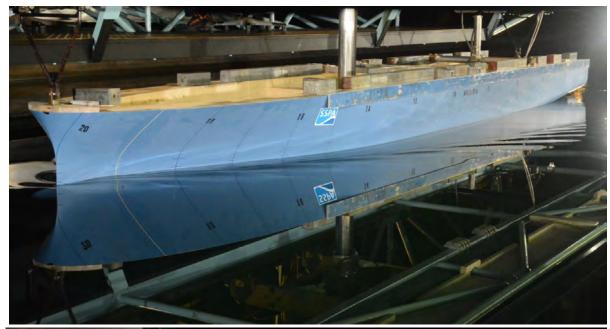






Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 8.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 2







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 10.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 3

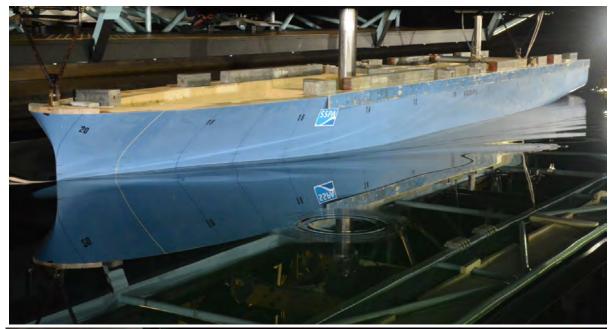






Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 12.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 4







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 14.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 5







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 16.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 6







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 18.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 7







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Full Load

Ship speed $V_s = 20.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 8







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 1







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 8.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 2







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 10.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 3

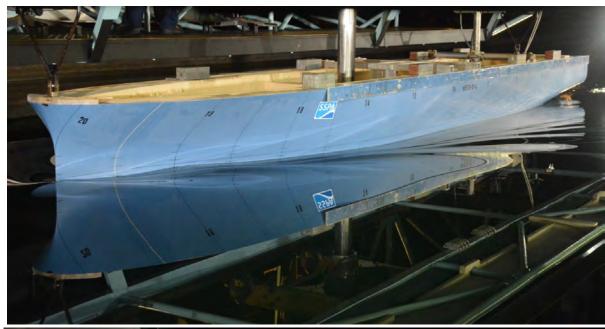






Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 12.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 4







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 14.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 5







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 16.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 6







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 18.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 7



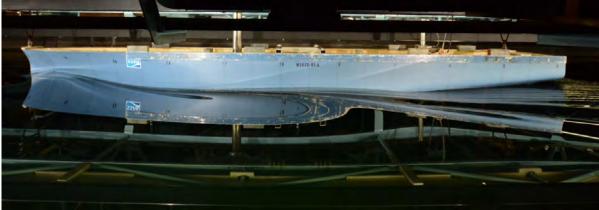




Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Design

Ship speed $V_s = 20.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 8







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 0$ kn Figure: 1







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 8.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 2



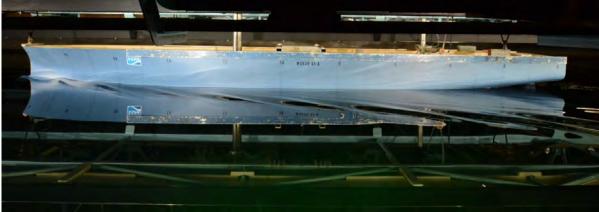




Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 10.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 3

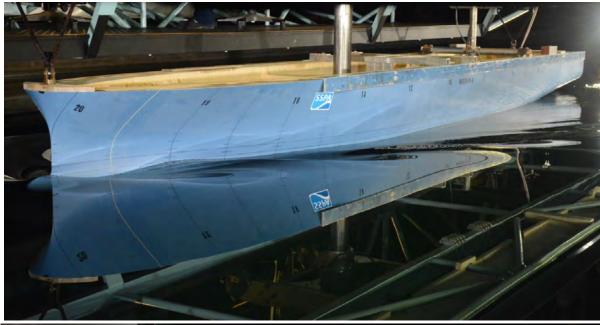


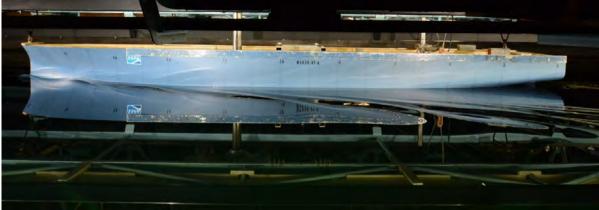




Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 12.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 4







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 14.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 5







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 16.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 6



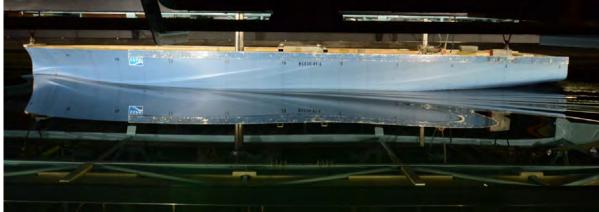




Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 18.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 7







Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Trim Aft

Ship speed $V_s = 20.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 8



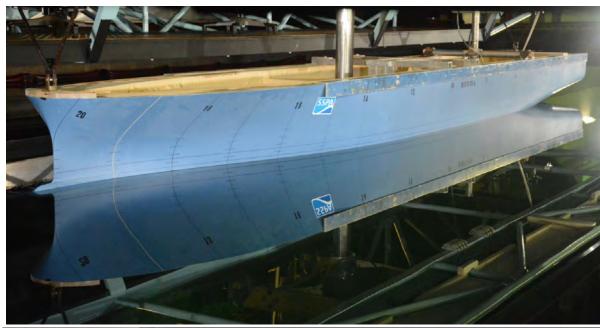




Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 0$ kn Figure: 1







Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 8.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 2







Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 10.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 3







Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 12.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 4





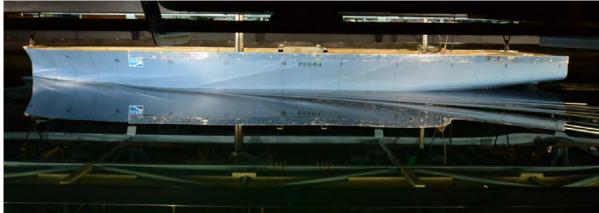


Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 14.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 5







Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 16.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 6





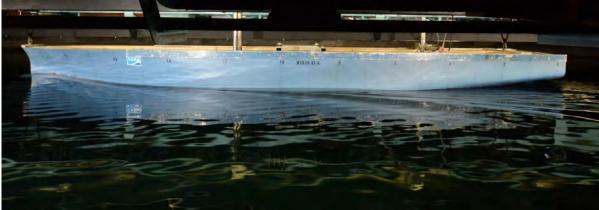


Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 18.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 7







Photos from self propulsion

Ship model: M5030-01-A. Loading condition: Light

Ship speed $V_s = 20.0 \text{ kn}$ Figure: 8







Test method and calculations

The propeller model is mounted on a horizontal shaft and is moved through the water at an

Thrust (T), torque (Q) and rate of revolutions (n) are measured on the shaft behind the propeller model. The normal test method is to keep the rate of revolutions constant whilst the speed of advance (V_A) is varied so that a loading range of the propeller is examined.

immersion of the shaft centre equal to the propeller diameter, if nothing else is mentioned.

The thrust (T) and torque (Q) measured during the tests are converted into non-dimensional coefficients (K_{Tm} and K_{Qm} respectively) which are defined as:

$$K_{Tm} = \frac{T}{\rho n^2 D^4}$$

$$K_{Qm} = \frac{Q}{\rho n^2 D^5}$$

where

Enclosure: 1

T and Q = thrust, in N and torque, in Nm respectively

= mass density of tank water, in Ns²/m⁴

= rate of revolutions, in r/s = propeller diameter, in m

The propeller efficiency η_0 and the advance ratio (J) are calculated according to:

$$\eta_0 = \frac{J K_T}{2\pi K_Q}$$
 where $J = \frac{V_A}{n D}$ and V_A = speed of advance, in m/s

Notice that all the quantities and coefficients mentioned above refer to the propeller model. These propeller open water characteristics are used to calculate the mean wake fraction (w_{Tm}) and the relative rotative efficiency (η_{Rm}) from the self propulsion tests.

The 1978 ITTC Performance Prediction Method gives rate of revolutions and delivered power for the ship (s) obtained from the full scale propeller open water characteristics. These characteristics are determined by correcting the model (m) values for drag scale effects according to the following:

$$K_{Ts} = K_{Tm} + \Delta K_{T}$$
 $K_{Qs} = K_{Qm} + \Delta K_{Q}$ where

$$K_{Qs} = K_{Qm} + \Delta K_Q$$

$$\Delta K_T = \Delta C_D \ 0.3 \frac{P}{D} \frac{c Z}{D} \qquad \Delta K_Q = -\Delta C_D \ 0.25 \frac{c Z}{D}$$

$$\Delta K_Q = -\Delta C_D \ 0.25 \frac{c Z}{D}$$

The difference in blade drag coefficient is $\Delta C_D = C_{Dm} - C_{Ds}$ where

$$C_{Dm} = 2 \left(1 + 2 \frac{t}{c}\right) \left[\frac{0.044}{(R_{nco})^{\frac{1}{6}}} - \frac{5}{(R_{nco})^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right]$$
 and

$$C_{DS} = 2 \left(1 + 2 \frac{t}{c}\right) \left[1.89 + 1.62 \log \left(\frac{c}{k_p}\right)\right]^{-2.5}$$

In these formulas c is the cord length of the blades, t is the maximum blade thickness, P/D is the pitch ratio and R_{nco} is the local Reynolds number at radius $0.75 \frac{D}{2}$.

$$R_{nco} = \frac{c V}{v}$$
 where $V = V_A \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\pi \ 0.75}{I}\right)^2}$ and

v = kinematic viscosity, in m²/s (ITTC 1960)

Z = number of propeller blades

 k_p = full scale blade roughness, which is set to 30 μ m

Test method and calculation

Enclosure: 2

During the resistance test the model is towed at speeds giving the same Froude numbers (F_n) as for the full scale ship. The total model resistance (R_{Tm}) is measured.

The conversion from model (m) to ship (s) is made according to the 1978 ITTC Performance Prediction Method. This implies that the frictional resistance coefficient (C_F) is calculated from the ITTC 1957 model - ship correlation line, giving the relation between C_F and Reynolds number (R_n):

$$C_F = \frac{0.075}{\left(\log_{10} R_n - 2\right)^2}$$

$$R_n = \frac{VL}{v}$$

$$F_n = \frac{V}{\sqrt{g L}}$$
 where

V = speed, in m/s

L = length of waterline for ship and model respectively, in m

v = kinematic viscosity, in m²/s (ITTC 1960)

g = acceleration of gravity, in m/s²

It is further assumed that the form factor (k) based upon ITTC 1957 and the residuary resistance coefficient (C_R) are identical for model and ship at the same F_n . If ΔC_F is the roughness allowance coefficient and C_{AA} is the air resistance coefficient, the total ship resistance (R_{Ts}) can be calculated from:

$$R_{TS} = C_{TS} \frac{1}{2} \rho_S (0.5144 V_S)^2 S_S 10^{-3}$$
 where

$$C_{TS} = \frac{S_S + S_{BK}}{S_S} [(1 + k) C_{FS} + \Delta C_F] + C_R + C_{AA}$$

$$C_{Rm} = C_{Tm} - (1 + k) C_{Fm} = C_{RS}$$

$$C_{Tm} = \frac{R_{Tm}}{\frac{1}{2}\rho_m V_m^2 S_m}$$

 C_{Tm} and C_{Ts} = the total resistance coefficient

 R_{Tm} and R_{Ts} = total resistance, in N and kN respectively

 ρ_m and ρ_s = mass density of tank water and sea water respectively, in Ns²/m⁴

 V_m and V_s = speed, in m/s and knots (1852 m/h) respectively

 S_m and S_s = wetted surface, in m^2

 S_{BK} = wetted surface, in m² of ship bilge keels

The ship model is not in general fitted with bilge keels.

The form factor (k) showing how large the viscous resistance of model and ship is compared to the ITTC 1957 correlation line is determined from the resistance tests in the low speed range, where the wave resistance is small.

The roughness allowance coefficient (ΔC_F) is assumed to be:

$$\Delta C_F = \left[105 \left(\frac{k_s}{L} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 0.64 \right] 10^{-3}$$
 with hull roughness $k_s = 150 \, \mu m$

The air resistance coefficient (CAA) is assumed to be:

$$C_{AA} = 0.001 \frac{A_T}{S_c}$$
 where

 A_T = transverse projected area above the water of the ship including superstructures, in m² Finally, the ship's effective power (P_E) is calculated from:

$$P_E = 0.5144 \, V_S \, R_{TS} \, 10^{-3}$$
, in MW (megawatt)

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Test method and calculations

Enclosure: 3

The ship model is equipped with propelling machinery and working propeller(-s). In the self propulsion test the model is towed at speeds giving the same Froude numbers (F_n) as for the full scale ship. The propeller rate of revolutions is in general adjusted so that the towing force (R_a) will reach the value:

$$R_a = \frac{1}{2} \rho_m S_m V_m^2 [C_{Fm} - (C_{FS} + \Delta C_F)]$$
 where

R_a = towing force, in N

 ρ_m = mass density of tank water, in Ns²/m⁴

S_m = wetted surface, in m²

 V_m = speed, in m/s

 C_{Fm} and C_{Fs} = frictional resistance coefficients (ITTC 1957)

 ΔC_F = friction correction dependent on surface condition of the ship hull

(Normally $\Delta C_F = 0.0004$)

During the tests propeller thrust (T), torque (Q) and rate of revolutions (n) are measured. The thrust (T) and torque (Q) are expressed in non-dimensional form as:

$$K_{Tm} = \frac{\sum T}{\rho_m \ D_m^4 \ n^2 \ n_p}$$
 $K_{Qm} = \frac{\sum Q}{\rho_m \ D_m^5 \ n^2 \ n_p}$ where $m_p = n$ sumber of propellers

With K_{Tm} as input data the advance ratio (J_{Tm}) and the torque coefficient (K_{QTm}) are derived from the open water characteristics of the model propeller. The wake fraction (w_{Tm}) and the relative rotative efficiency (η_R) are calculated from:

$$w_{Tm} = 1 - \frac{J_{Tm D n}}{V}$$
 and $\eta_R = \frac{K_{QTm}}{K_{Om}}$

The thrust deduction fraction (t) is obtained from:

$$t = \frac{\sum T + R_a - R}{\sum T}$$

where R is the measured model resistance R_{Tm} (see "Resistance tests") corrected for the difference in temperature between resistance and self propulsion tests.

The 1978 ITTC Performance Prediction Method gives the rate of revolutions (n_s) and delivered power (P_{Ds}) for the ship (s) obtained from the full scale propeller open water characteristics. These characteristics are determined by correcting the model (m) values for drag scale effects (see "Propeller open water tests").

The full scale wake (w_{Ts}) is calculated from the model wake (w_{Tm}) and the thrust deduction fraction (t) according to:

$$w_{Ts} = (t + 0.04) + (w_{Tm} - t - 0.04) \frac{(1+k) C_{Fs} + \Delta C_F}{(1+k) C_{Fm}}$$
 where
k = form factor (see "Resistance tests")
 ΔC_F = roughness allowance coefficient (see "Resistance tests")

If $w_{Ts} > w_{Tm}$, w_{Ts} will be set equal to w_{Tm}

The load of the full scale propeller is obtained from:

$$rac{K_T}{J^2} = rac{S_S}{2 \, D^2} rac{C_{TS}}{(1-t)(1-w_{TS})^2 n_p}$$
 where:

Test method and calculations

S_s = wetted surface of hull, in m² D = propeller diameter, in m C_{Ts} = total resistance coefficient

With K_T/J^2 as input value, the full scale advance ratio (J_{Ts}) and the torque coefficient (K_{QTs}) are determined from the full scale propeller open water characteristics and the following quantities are calculated. The rate of revolutions:

$$n_{S}=rac{\left(1-w_{TS}
ight)\,0.5\,144\,V_{S}}{J_{TS}D}$$
 r/s where

 V_s = speed, in knots (1852 m/h)

The delivered power:

$$P_{DS} = 2\pi \, \rho \, D^5 \, n_S^3 \, n_p \, rac{K_{QTS}}{\eta_R} \, 10^{-6}$$
 MW (megawatt) where

 ρ = mass density of sea water, in Ns²/m⁴

The thrust of the propeller:

$$T_s = \frac{K_T}{J^2} J_{Ts}^2 \rho D^4 n_s^2 10^{-3}$$
 kN

The torque of the propeller:

$$Q_{s} = \frac{K_{QTs}}{n_{P}} \rho D^{5} n_{s}^{2} 10^{-3}$$
 kNm where

The total efficiency:

$$\eta_D = \frac{P_E}{P_{DS}}$$

P_E is the ship's effective power, in MW (see "Resistance tests")

The propeller efficiency:,

$$\eta_0 = \frac{K_T}{K_Q} \frac{J_{Ts}}{2\pi}$$
 where

 K_T as well as K_Q are valid for $J = J_{Ts}$

The hull efficiency:

$$\eta_H = \frac{1-t}{1-w_{Ts}}$$

To make the prediction correspond to trial conditions ($_{T}$) the calculated rate of revolutions (n_{s}) and the delivered power (P_{Ds}) are corrected to our present trial statistics:

$$n_T = C_n n_s$$
 $P_{DT} = C_P P_{Ds}$ where

 n_T and P_{DT} = rate of revolutions and delivered power respectively on trials C_n and C_P = correction factors for rate of revolutions and delivered power respectively

The given standard trial prediction is valid for the hull roughness (k_s = 150 μ m) and the propeller blade roughness (k_p = 30 μ m). The roughness for modern ships delivered over the last years is in general lower than the standard figures for k_s and k_p and therefore SSPA uses lower correction

factors C_n and C_{P.}

Enclosure: 3